

GERMANY HINTS DECISIVE DRIVE ON WEST FRONT

Berlin Press Full Of Intimations As To Impending Blow

YOUNG MEN IN IT
Lines In Russia Denuded
Of Soldiers Aged
19 To 35

CAMBRAI IS QUIET

Artillery And Air Activities
On Flanders-France
Front

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 15.—The German press is full of hints that an impending decisive blow is being prepared on the West front.

Colonel Repington, the military correspondent of the Times, states that there are now 150 German divisions on the West front and 79 divisions on the East front but the latter have been denuded of all fighting men between the ages of 19 and 35, who have been sent to the West. "We must quickly take precautions to meet a blow by the Germans, possibly this winter or next spring, and we need a million men in order to maintain our existing forces in 1918."

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters, writing today, reports: "Quiet continues on the Cambrai front, although the dry, clear and cold weather favors active operations."

Referring to the transfer of German troops from the Eastern front, Reuter's correspondent points out, in the first place, that the Germans have not been sending their best troops to the Eastern front for a long time; secondly, that they have been freely milking the Eastern front for the Western front and thirdly, that the morale of the German troops on the Eastern front has probably been affected to a certain extent by fraternization with the Russians and the absence of fighting. Hence it is questionable if the fighting value of the men Germany is drawing from the Eastern front is really so very high.

I do not wish to minimize the situation which may arise from peace between Russia and Germany but the confidence of our army to deal successfully with the worst the Germans can do remains absolutely unimpaired.

The enemy's small success at Polderhoek Chateau was due to a great concentration of artillery against shallow water-logged trenches.

Hold Firm at Bullecourt
London, December 16.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:

We captured some prisoners and a machine-gun during patrol encounters in the night southward of Cambrai.

The German wireless communicate this afternoon reports:

We advanced our lines in the park of Polderhoek Chateau.

English attacks at Monnehy and Bullecourt failed.

London, December 15.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this evening: We completely repulsed a local attack yesterday evening eastward of Bullecourt.

We carried out a successful raid northward of Bullecourt this afternoon, destroying dugouts and capturing prisoners.

The Portuguese, elsewhere, took a few prisoners in patrol encounters. Local fighting in the neighborhood of Polderhoek Chateau did not change the situation.

There has been considerable hostile artillery in the neighborhood of Hargicourt and Flesquieres, between Gavreille and Lens and also at Passchendaele.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:

We have regained a considerable part of the trench which the enemy penetrated yesterday morning in the neighborhood of Polderhoek Chateau. The enemy artillery has been

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Peace Now Is Abasement, Declares Lloyd-George

Better Never To Have Fought Than To Stop Half Way, He Says

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 12.—Mr. Lloyd George, speaking at a dinner given to the heads of the Air Service at Gray's Inn this evening, after emphasizing the importance of the operations of the Air Service as a determining factor in the war, referred to the Lansdowne letter.

He said that he now understood that Lord Lansdowne did not intend in the least to convey the meaning his words might reasonably bear and only intended to say the same thing as President Wilson said in his recent speech. The whole British nation fully agreed with that speech and therefore he concluded that the interpretation placed on the Lansdowne letter by the Allies and by their enemies in no way represented what Lord Lansdowne intended.

The Premier next referred to the very active minority of people who thought, mistakenly, that they had found a leader in Lord Lansdowne. The danger was not the extreme pacifist. "I have warned the nation to watch the man who thinks there is a half-way house between victory and defeat. No such house exists. These are men who think you can end the war now by some sort of what-they-call peace by setting up a League of Nations," with attendant conditions. That is the right policy after victory but without victory it would be a farce.

No Peace of Words

To end a war entered upon in order to enforce a treaty without reparation for the infringement of that treaty, which was treated as a scrap of paper, merely by entering into a new more sweeping and more comprehensive treaty would be a farce in a setting of tragedy. We must take care not to be misled by mere words—a League of Nations, disarmament, arbitration, security—they are all great and blessed phrases but without the vitalising force of victory they are nothing but words.

"You cannot wage war, secure peace and long cover deceit with words. There is nothing so fatal to character as half-finished tasks."

After referring to the attitude of the men who opposed the war from the start, the Premier said that was a mean attitude

but it was at least a definite and clear line of action, but he could not comprehend the man who, seized with indignation at the German outrages, had helped to commit the nation to a career of honor and now, before the task was nearly accomplished, wished to shake hands with the malefactor and trade to their mutual advantage. The enemy was simply to be invited to enter into a bargain to join with you to punch the head of the next man who dared to imitate his villainies. The enemy desired such terms of peace but it was idle to talk of security won by such feeble means.

"Let there be no doubt regarding the alternatives with which we are confronted. One is to make easy terms with a triumphant outlaw, which means abasing ourselves before lawlessness, which means that ultimately the world will be intimidated by successful bandits, and the other is to go through with the task of vindicating justice so as to establish a righteous and everlasting peace for ourselves and our children. No nation with any regard for its self-respect or honor can hesitate a moment in its choice."

War No Longer Than Necessary

Intensely as he realised that victory was an essential condition of a free world, there would not merely be no object in prolonging the war but it would be infamous to do so. If he thought that things would get no better the longer they fought. It was because he was firmly convinced, despite some untoward events and discouraging appearances, that we are making steady progress towards our goal of 1914 that he would regard peace overtures at the present time as a betrayal of the great trust with which he and his colleagues were charged.

Much of the progress we are making may not be visible except to those whose business it is to search out facts. The deadly grip of the British Navy is having its effect. The valor of our troops is making an impression which in the end will tell.

"We are laying surely the foundation of a bridge which when complete will carry us into a new world. The river for the moment is in

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Broadway, New York, To Be Dark at Night As A War Economy

Government Forbids Illuminated Signs and Lights in Business Houses When Closed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Washington, December 15.—The Fuel Administration has decreed several lightless nights a week, the purpose being not only to save coal but, "To provide startling visual evidence that the United States is engaged in the conduct of the greatest war the world has seen." The decree bars everywhere illuminated signs, advertisements, searchlights and external ornamental illuminations and also prohibits lights in the interior of stores and offices other than business places when they are not open.

Turkish Delegate Asks Power to Make Peace

Delegate Telegraphs to Constantinople for Authority to Sign Separate Agreement

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 15.—The Washington Correspondent of the Daily Mail wires that it is reported that Mukhtar Bey, one of the Turkish Delegates conferring at Berne concerning the exchange of prisoners of war, has asked the Government in Constantinople for power to negotiate a separate peace.

CAMBRAI INQUIRY BEGUN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 14.—The inquiry into the recent retirement at Cambrai is being held at General Headquarters. Lord Derby, the Secretary of State for war, is attending.

Order Another Arrest In The Carneiro Case On Fresh Evidence

Portuguese Authorities Sign Warrant For Bank Man's Relative

A warrant was signed yesterday for the arrest of Ricardo Allemao, brother-in-law of R. Carneiro and an employee of the International Bank, in connection with the Carneiro million theft embezzlement, forgery and conspiracy case. The arrest was ordered in pursuance of the examination into the affairs of the Carneiros and of Leopoldo Lemos and it was said that Allemao would be questioned by the Portuguese authorities today.

Further details regarding the arrest of J. L. Carneiro in Moji at the end of last week have not been received, but additional confirmation has come to the authorities here of the presence of R. Carneiro and Lemos in Nagasaki. The men are under close observation and it is believed that officials in that port are only awaiting warrants from Tokio to make the arrests.

City in Portugal Shelled by U-Boat

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Lisbon, December 13.—This evening a submarine torpedoed Funchal, in Madeira, for twenty minutes. Many houses and St. Clara Church were destroyed and many persons killed or injured. Forty shells fell in the town. The submarine disappeared pursued by patrol-boats.

CHRISTMAS NOTE

Have you an Uncle Ripley and an Aunt Gertrude? If you have, go over and see U. S. Postmaster Everett. He has something for you.

LIBEL ACTION BASED ON CHAMPION SWEEPS BEGUN IN MIXED COURT

Mr. H. D. Rodger Sues Chinese With Whom He Split Winnings of \$49,000

\$25,000 DAMAGES ASKED

Witnesses Testify Defendant Said He Paid For Tickets And Didn't Authorise Sale

The \$25,000 libel action brought by Mr. H. D. Rodger against T. L. Wong as a result of a dispute over the division of the Champion Sweepstakes at the last race meeting, was begun before Assessor Perkins and Magistrate Li in the Mixed Court yesterday.

The Chinese, who is an interpreter at Louza Police Station, denies in his statement of defense much of the plaintiff's petition. Mr. Rodger appeared in his own behalf and Mr. E. W. Godfrey for the defendant.

The petition and the flings of the defense are:

1.—That the Defendant is a Chinese citizen, residing in the International Settlement, Shanghai, within the jurisdiction of this Honorable Court.

2.—That the Plaintiff is a citizen of the United States of America; that he is a duly qualified attorney at-law and general legal practitioner; that Plaintiff carries on his profession in, and is a resident of, the International Settlement, Shanghai.

3.—That on or about November 10 the Plaintiff herein purchased with his own funds eight Ten Dollar tickets in the Champion Sweepstakes, being a sweepstakes held by the Shanghai Race Club, and gave to the Defendant as a gift or present a half interest in the aforesaid eight tickets.

4.—That one of the eight tickets drew one of the prizes, and the Defendant, who was present at the drawing, and who was also an awardee, that the Plaintiff herein prior to the race and with the Defendant's knowledge and consent and ratification sold a half interest in the winning ticket for \$10,000 Mexican.

5.—That the Plaintiff herein in accordance with his gift and promise to the Defendant duly paid and gave to the Defendant herein half of his winnings on the aforesaid tickets, the Defendant receiving \$24,500.00 Mexican.

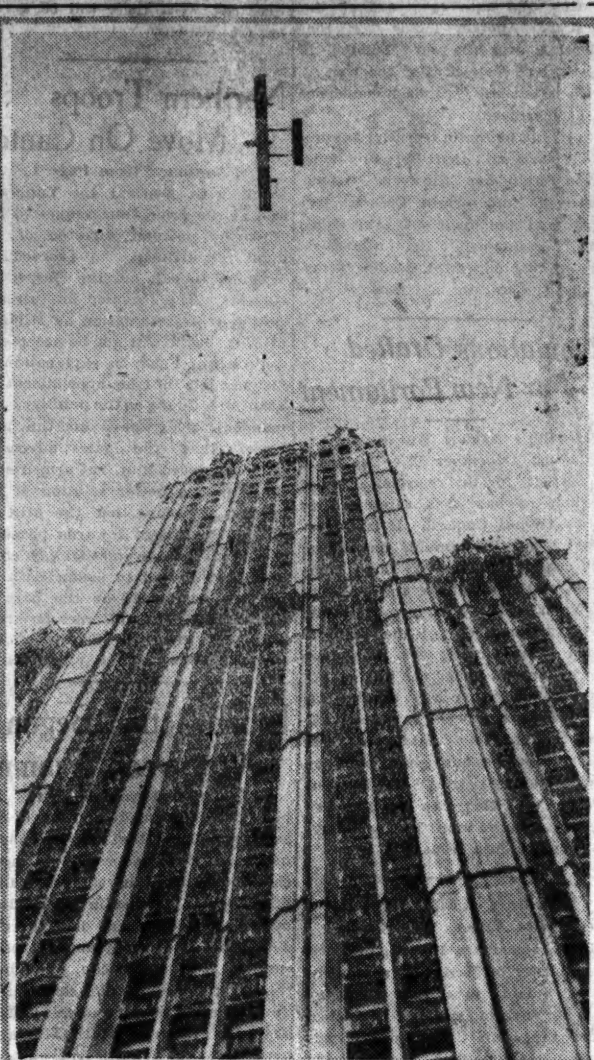
Base of Action

6.—That subsequently, to wit, between Thursday, November 15, and Tuesday, November 20, 1917, the Defendant herein maliciously made and published certain false, libellous and prejudicial statements; which have been, and are, most damaging to the Plaintiff in his professional practice. That the Defendant has falsely and maliciously alleged to various reputable persons, "that \$80 was given him by his mother to purchase tickets in the Champion Sweepstakes; that the \$80 was handed to the Plaintiff herein for that purpose; that the Plaintiff herein purchased the aforesaid eight tickets which included the winning ticket; that the Plaintiff bought the tickets with the said \$80, which Defendant stated he gave to the Plaintiff; that the Plaintiff herein paid for none of the said tickets himself but claimed an interest in the said tickets for having purchased them and because they were in his possession; but the Plaintiff herein sold one half of the said winning ticket for \$10,000 Mexican without the Defendant's knowledge, consent or ratification; that the Defendant is entitled and should receive a full half of the entire prize or half of \$79,000 Mexican; that the Defendant had only received a quarter of the said prize plus half of the \$10,000 or \$24,500 Mexican in all; that he should have received and is entitled to \$14,500 more from the Plaintiff herein, or to \$39,000 Mexican in all."

7.—By the aforesaid statements the Defendant meant and was understood to mean that this Plaintiff had grossly taken advantage of him, the said Defendant, and had demanded, kept and withheld an exorbitant sum for purchasing tickets claimed to have been paid by Defendant, whereby the Plaintiff herein had gained great financial

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Big Italian War Plane Flies Over New York



This is a snapshot of the huge bomb-dropping air raider which Resnati, the star of the Italian airmen visiting America, piloted over one of the loftiest skyscrapers in downtown New York on the day of the Liberty Loan parade.

U.S. CONSUL REPORTS

Wires Lansing of Fighting Between Russian Factions And Calls For American Troops

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 15.—The Times correspondent at Washington states that Secretary of State Lansing has received a telegram from the American Consul at Vladivostok stating that serious fighting has broken out among the Russian military factions and urging the despatch of American troops.

The Daily Mail says that the Foreign Office, up till yesterday evening, had received no confirmation of the reported Japanese occupation of Vladivostok. It was, however, described as conceivable that Japan, in order to protect the accumulation of Allied stores there, may have decided on such action.

Paris, December 13.—The French press still comments on the measures taken by the Japanese at Vladivostok, where large quantities of war material and munitions are stored.

It was important, the papers say, to parry the danger of this concentration of material being seized by the Maximilians, as Maximilians means treason to the Allies and these stocks were shipped at great expense for the account and on behalf of the former Provisional Government and shall not be used against either the Entente or those of the Russians who have remained faithful to the alliance. The Americans and Japanese are best qualified to take all the necessary steps to safeguard the interests of the Allies as they are nearer the spot than the others who have more means at their disposal. Their complete understanding is the best guarantee that the interests of the Entente will be fully protected.

Hongkong Donates £10,000 To Halifax

(Reuter's Pacific Service in The China Press)

Hongkong, December 16.—At the unanimous request of the unofficial members of the Executive and Legislative Councils, £10,000 has been sent to Mr. Walter Long, Secretary of State for the Colonies, as Hongkong's contribution to the relief of the sufferers from the Halifax disaster.

TROOPS AGAINST CANTON

Peking Challenges South By Superseding Lu Yung-ting And Fight Is Likely

(Reuter's Pacific Service in The China Press)

Peking, December 17.—Lung Chikwang announces his assumption of the duties of Inspector-General of Kwangtung and Kwangsi. His message adds that Inspector-General Lu Yung-ting refuses to hand over the official seal and Lung Chikwang's troops are moving on Canton, where he intends to establish his headquarters.

The Government has received a wireless message reporting that after nine days fighting the Government troops, who were outnumbered, retired from Swatow to Chaon, going there on board the cruisers Haiyang and Tungchi.

President Feng Kuo-chang has telegraphed to the Military Governor of Fukien, instructing him to withdraw all the Government troops to Fukien and to await reinforcements.

Canton Closely Guarded
Canton, December 16.—Lung Chikwang having announced his acceptance of the office of Inspector-General of Kwangtung and Kwangsi, replacing General Lu Yung-ting, Canton is being guarded with strict vigilance by the military authorities.

Fighting Near Pukow

Hope for an amicable settlement between the North and the South has been dimmed by a report in Peking telling of a clash between the troops of Tuchen Li Shun of Kiangsu and those of Ni Shih-chung near Pukow and a mandate Sunday by the President appointing Tuchen Tso Kun of Chihli commander of the first and Tuchen Chang Hui-chi of Shantung commander of the second expeditionary troops to subdue the South.

There is great panic in Pukow. Wang Ting-chen, Assistant Inspector-General of the Yangtze, moved his office from Nanking to Pukow Sunday afternoon. Business in the latter city is stagnant and numerous residents have fled the city.

On the other hand, General Wang Shih-chen is still clinging to the last hope for peace. He has asked Gen. Niu Ti-sung, the Shanghai revolutionist who is now in Canton, to go to Peking in order to get into better

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ARMISTICE SIGNED BY RUSSO-GERMANS; PEACE TALK NEXT

Berlin Announces Negotiations For Russia To Desert Allies

TRUCE TO JAN. 14

No More Teuton Troops
To Be Sent To West
Front

OPERATIONS CEASE

Maximalists To Issue Decree
Separating Church
From State

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 16.—(By wireless).—A Russian official communique reports:

The Maximalist Commander-in-Chief Krylenko has issued the following proclamation:

"The Armistice Treaty has been signed. I propose to cease all military operations until its full text has been received."

A German official communique says:

An armistice was signed at Brest-Litovsk yesterday. It begins on January 17 and ends on January 14. Unless a week's notice is given it continues automatically. It extends to all land, air and naval forces on the common fronts. Peace negotiations begin immediately.

A message from Petrograd states that the Secretary of the Maximalist Armistice plenipotentiaries telegraphed that the enemy delegates have agreed to discontinue their operations for transferring more troops from the Eastern to the Western fronts.

Not much importance should be attached to this agreement as the enemy has probably completed all his desired arrangements.

Petrograd Confirms Truce

Petrograd, December 16.—The Bolshevik News Agency states today that Russia and Germany have agreed on the terms of an armistice.

The People's Commissioners are shortly issuing a decree separating the church from the state and providing for the confiscation of church lands, the surrender by ecclesiastics of rich canonicals and ornaments and the abolition of the privileges of the clergy.

A meeting of the Ismailovsky and Petrogradskiy regiments resolved upon the immediate removal of the ex-Tsar "with Alice and the family" to Kronstadt or the Fortress of Peter and Paul and the cancellation of all their privileges.

While the meeting was in progress a report was circulated that the ex-Tsar had escaped. This report has not been confirmed.

Meetings of most of the units of the Petrograd garrison sided with the People's Commissioners and Soviet against the Constituent Assembly in its original form. The attempts of the members of the Constituent Assembly to meet at the Taurida Palace have been abandoned since the sailors expelled them. The Red guards broke up a meeting of the Union for the Defense of the Constituent Assembly, arresting forty of the persons present.

Uproarious scenes have occurred at the Peasants' Congress between the supporters and opponents of the Constituent Assembly.

The demolition of wine stores in Petrograd continues, accompanied by orgies and considerable shooting. The Maximalist newspaper Pravda announces that the leading members of the Council of Cossack troops have been arrested. The Secretary of the Maximalist Peace Delegation telegraphs from Brest-Litovsk that General Skalon committed suicide by shooting himself on the eve of the conference with the Germans.

Bolsheviks Claim Majorities

London, December 14.—The Bolshevik Petrograd Telegraph Agency reports overwhelming majorities in favor of the Maximalists in the Elections for the Constituent Assembly from the 12th and 5th armies and the army in Finland.

The Times correspondent at Petrograd states that over 150 British

subjects, including women and children, have been detained owing to the detention of certain Russians in Great Britain. They are now permitted to obtain their passports.

A telegram from Petrograd states that the Bolshevik Telegraph Agency says that Rostoff, Nakhichevan and Taganrog are in the hands of the Revolutionary troops and General Kaledin, General Pototsky and their staff have been arrested.

General Kaledin has asked the Mayor of Rostoff to come to Novo Tcherkask to discuss the suspension of military operations.

Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd telegraphs that the accounts from the South are so scrappy, vague and contradictory that it is impossible to form a clear idea of the result of the Cossack rising headed by General Kaledin. The Bolsheviks now state that General Kaledin, General Lukomsky, General Denikin, General Alexieff and M. Rodzianko, the President of the Duma, are in Novo Tcherkask with 16,000 infantry and artillery.

Reports regarding the situation at Rostoff are wholly contradictory.

Germans Hint At West Front Drive

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active eastward of Messines and northeastward of Ypres.

Fighting In Polygon Wood
Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported last evening:

"There has been local fighting southeastward of Polygon Wood, where before dawn the enemy attacked our positions in the neighborhood of Polderhoek Chateau. They were repulsed except at one point, where they entered our front trench on a front of about three hundred yards.

The hostile artillery was very active this afternoon eastward of Bullecourt and there has been considerable reciprocal artillery between the valley of the Scarpe and Gavrelle.

A German official communique reported yesterday:

"We beat back an attempt to recapture the trenches eastward of Bullecourt.

Our violent surprise mine-firing caused heavy damage southward of St. Quentin.

The Daily Chronicle correspondent with the French armies, in a message dated the 14th, states that a secret report issued on the 4th October by the Chief of the German General Staff and signed by von Ludendorff himself shows the alarming losses of German artillery.

It states that during grand operations the average numbers of guns lost by a single German army in a single month, either by wear and tear or by enemy fire, are 870 field-guns and 584 heavy artillery. In other words, the German arsenals and workshops were obliged to make or to repair guns to the extent of three-quarters of the whole artillery establishment in order to maintain the German artillery at its existing strength.

The report further testifies to the efficacy of the Allied counter-battery work. It says that out of the average of 1,455 guns put out of action in a single German army a single month 655 were lost by wear and tear and 800 by the Allied bombardments. Von Ludendorff says: "The figures show that the enemy counter-fires upon our artillery with very good results. It should be added that the loss of material is only one side of the artillery struggle. The destruction of munitions, the losses of men killed and the diminution of morale are elements at least as important."

Paris, December 16.—The official communique issued this afternoon reports:

"There has been fairly great reciprocal artillery activity between the Aisne and the Oise and on the right of the Meuse, notably in the section of Les Chambres.

As attempted attack by the enemy in the evening, in Champagne, west of Mont Cornillet, was broken down. Five German aeroplanes were brought down and three others crashed.

The official communique issued last evening reported: A German attack was repulsed at Chaume Wood, the assailants being dispersed by the French fire.

The Weather

Fine and cold. The maximum temperature yesterday was 47.7 and the minimum 34.3, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 63.7 and 35.6.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation

15 Nanking Road.

\$1 opens a Savings Account

\$50 opens a Checking Account

PUT SOMETHING INTO THE BANK every week, even if the amount is small. You will find that such regular savings accumulate rapidly and the money thus saved will come in very handy some time when you need it worse than you do now.

Every man, woman, and child with an income of less than Tls. 500 a month should have a savings account.

Add a Link Each Month to Your Chain of Independence

94 new accounts were opened up to Saturday noon.

BRITAIN IS AHEAD NOW, VON TIRPITZ WARNS

Peace on Basis of Status Quo Ante Is Allied Victory, He Says

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, December 16.—Speaking at Hamburg recently, Admiral von Tirpitz reiterated that Great Britain up to the present has won rather than lost and therefore a peace based on a "status quo ante" was out of the question. Another factor for consideration was the sure building of the Channel Tunnel after the war.

He expressed continued confidence in submarines.

Speaking at Berlin recently, Admiral von Tirpitz said that Germany must retain Flanders, Antwerp, Ostend, Zeebrugge and certain French territory and she must also take Calais and Boulogne. He remarked, "America is our most deadly enemy, despite the scarcity of tonnage."

Regulations Drafted For New Parliament

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Peking, December 17.—The draft of the bill for the reorganisation of Parliament has been submitted to the National Council. It is understood that Parliament, as before, will consist of a Tsan Yi Yuan, composed of 134 members, and a Chung Yi Yuan, with 353 members, the term for members of the Tsan Yi Yuan being three years. Members of Parliament, under the bill, cannot simultaneously occupy administrative positions, except the representatives of Mongolia, Manchuria and Tibet, the sessions shall open on March 1 every year and last for four months and they can be extended for two months more by special resolutions of both Houses.

GERMAN FLEET AFRAID

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 15.—M. Leygues, the Minister of Marine, in a published statement, says that Germany does not dare to challenge the Allied Fleet and each time her fleet has come out the British have severely chastised it for its temerity.

M. Leygues expresses the opinion that the German crews are not so good or so enterprising as at the beginning of the war and their munitions seem inferior. However, he would not draw too optimistic conclusions from these opinions.

GEN. VAN DEVENTER, K.C.B.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 14.—General Van Deventer is created a Knight Commander of the Bath.

'Eliza Comes To Stay'

The A. D. C. production of "Eliza Comes To Stay" which pleased a crowded house at its first performance Saturday evening, pleased another capacity audience last night at the Lyceum. Good news to those who were unable to secure booking for the first two performances of this charming comedy is contained in the announcement that a third will be given by the A. D. C. players next Saturday evening. Judging by the way the booking went last week there will be a rush for reservations.

Northern Troops Move On Canton

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touch with General Lu Yung-ting and at the same time requested Mr. Chong Wen-kuan, director of the audit department, to proceed to Wuming to call on the Inspector-General. The Premier has already tendered his resignation as Minister of War, but it will not be accepted.

President Feng, in explanation of his mandate of the appointment of Tsao and Chang as the punitive commanders, telegraphed to the provinces that the war advocates have convinced him that armed suppression is a better solution of the present situation, that the attitude of the Southwest towards peace is not at all definite and that any compromise will lead to misunderstanding and negligence on the part of the soldiers. He will order an armistice only when the Southwest has sincerely shown that it wants peace.

Libel Action Begun Over Sweep Winning

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benefit to the damage and loss of the said Defendant; that the Defendant meant and was understood to mean that the Plaintiff herein was guilty of a breach of trust in his conduct of the transaction and had thereby defrauded this Defendant out of a sum of \$14,500 Mexican. Further, that by the Defendant's statements, the Defendant meant and was understood to mean that the Plaintiff herein was dishonest, had cheated and taken advantage of the Defendant herein.

8.—That by reason of the Defendant's aforesaid false, malicious and libellous statements, Defendant has grossly libelled and defamed the Plaintiff and the Plaintiff has been grievously injured in his name and reputation, in his credit and in his profession and has suffered thereby damages in the sum of Twenty-five thousand Mexican Dollars (\$25,000). Wherefore the Plaintiff prays this Honorable Court:

1.—That the Defendant be ordered to pay forthwith to this Plaintiff the sum of Twenty-five thousand

Mexican Dollars (\$25,000) with interest to the date of payment, as damages.

2.—For costs of this action and such further and other relief as to this Court may seem just and proper in the premises.

Answer Made By Defense

1.—Defendant admits para. 1 and 2 of the Petition.

2.—Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in para. 5 of the Petition.

3.—Defendant admits that a ticket jointly owned by the plaintiff and the defendant was awarded the first prize in the Champions Sweep-stake of the S. R. C. but denies that one half of the said ticket was sold by the Plaintiff with the Defendant's knowledge or consent or that the Defendant subsequently ratified such sale as alleged or at all.

4.—The Defendant admits that he received the sum of \$24,500 out of the said ticket but subject thereto he denies each and every allegation of fact set out in para. 5 of the petition.

5.—The Defendant denies that he ever spoke or published the words complained of in para. 6 of the petition or that he has ever spoken any defamatory words of the Plaintiff.

6.—The Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 7 and 8 of the petition. Mr. Rodger stated in opening the case that he regretted having to bring the action, but that he could not ignore the false statements, written and verbal, which the interpreter had made regarding him and which affected him most materially in both business and private life. He said he felt it his duty to bring the matter to the attention of the proper authorities.

Police Inspector Testifies

Inspector Kerrigan, of Louza Police Station, testified that on the evening of the Champions race he spoke with the defendant regarding the winning of the sweep and asked him how it was that he had asked Mr. Rodger to buy a chance for him. Wong, he said, had replied that he met Mr. Rodger on the Nanking Road a few days previous and had given the latter \$80 to buy tickets, promising him half the winnings. Wong had also told him that he had never consented and was never asked to consent to sale of half a share in the winning ticket. Inspector Kerrigan said he told the defendant that if this were the case he ought to receive \$14,000 or \$15,000 more.

"Do you think there was any suggestion on his part that there had been a breach of trust on the part of Mr. Rodger, or that Mr. Rodger had defrauded him?" asked Mr. Godfrey.

"No," replied the witness. "I simply thought it was a matter of dispute or doubt."

Det. Inspector Eek testified that on the same evening Wong had told

him that the winning ticket had been bought by Mr. Rodger with the defendant's money and that he had written Mr. Rodger for the tickets but the latter had only sent him their numbers. He had also declared, the witness stated, that the sale of half the ticket for \$10,000 was without his knowledge.

"From these statements he made, what did you think?" queried Mr. Rodger.

"I thought he had been done out of \$14,500," said the witness.

"And to be brutally frank about it, did you think he had been treated quite fairly and honestly?"

"No, I did not."

After cross-examination, in which the witness stated that Wong told him he promised Mr. Rodger half if the ticket won first prize, the case was adjourned.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Dec. 18

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru Dec. 19

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Dec. 20

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Dec. 21

Per R.V.F. s.s. Penza Dec. 21

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakui M. Dec. 24

For U.S., Canada and Europe:—

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Tokiwa M. Dec. 18

Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru Dec. 22

For Europe:—

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Tamba Maru Dec. 29

TO WIN PINK CHEEKS

Every woman wants pink cheeks. They mean not only beauty, but health.

Then put the colour in your cheeks, not on them. The glow of health is the red of healthy blood showing through translucent skin. It is impossible unless you possess rich, red blood.

When a girl's colour fades and she looks debilitated, is short of breath, when her heart palpitates after every slight exertion and she has pains in various parts of the body, she needs Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people. They are the remedy best suited to restore the blood, bring brightness to the eyes, and put colour in the cheeks and lips.

The only other treatment needed costs nothing. It is this. Give the patient plenty of fresh air, moderate exercise every day, not enough to cause fatigue, and use care in the diet, for the food craved for by the anemic is often not the best for the sufferer.

So start Dr. Williams' pink pills without delay; ask your dealer for them, or send \$1.50 for a bottle (\$8.00 for six) to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

China Realty Co., Ltd.

39 NANKING ROAD

TO LET—

No. 12 Rue Moliere—Detached Residence containing drawing room, dining room, reception room, three bedrooms, two baths, modern sanitary plumbing, hot and cold water, servants' quarters. Rent Tls. 115.00 per month.

LAND—

We have for sale lots of land suitable for residences, factories or mills.

For particulars apply to

China Realty Co., Ltd.

39 NANKING ROAD

PHONE 2820

A Vintage Wine



C O N N O I S S E U R S

Gande, Price & Co.

SOLE AGENTS

SCIENTIFIC EYE-TESTING

Precise

Duplicating



Fine

Repairing

ACCURATE LENS GRINDING

Toric and Kryptok Lenses, Sun-glasses, Protection Goggles & Everything Optical

Special rate to Doctor's prescriptions

CHINESE OPTICAL COMPANY

352 Nanking Road, cor. Lloyd Road

Branches: Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Changsha, Hangchow

TEL. ADDRESS "GARAGE"

NOTICE

Having purchased the Goodwill and Business of the late Central Garage Co., Ltd., we are now prepared to execute or give estimates for the following:

Motor Car and Cycle Repairs
Body Building and Painting
Winter Tops, etc., etc.
Charging Accumulators
Mr. I. B. Taylor has been appointed manager of the above as well as of our Hiring and Sales Departments.

HIRE

DEPARTMENT

\$4.00 per hour

5-seater Closed Cars

5-seater Open Cars

\$5.00 per hour

7-seater Open Cars

TELEPHONE

3809

MOTOR CARS

Expected Shortly:

Willis-Knight Model 88-4 Touring

Willis-Overland " 88-4 Limousine

Cadillac " 90-4 Club

Willis-Overland " 1918-8 Phaeton

" 1918-8 Sedan

" 1918-8 Touring

" 1918-8 Limousine

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(This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Company, Ltd.)

BRITISH COTTON SUPPLY NOT TO BE REDUCED

Will Be Maintained At Rate
Prevailing In 1917, Indus-
try Is Promised

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 14.—A deputa-
tion of members of the House of Com-
mons who represent constituencies
engaged in the cotton industry, head-
ed by Mr. Harry Nuttall, Liberal
member for Stretford and a former
President of the Manchester Chamber
of Commerce, waited on the Shipping
Controller today, in whose unavoid-
able absence, Sir Chiozza Money acted
as his deputy.

Replying to the several views ex-
pressed by members of the deputa-
tion, Sir Chiozza Money said that the
War Cabinet has instructed the Ship-
ping Controller to maintain the rate
of cotton supply which was secured
in 1917, so far as it could be achieved
in view of the tonnage situation. He
continued: "Notwithstanding that
one half of our ships are engaged for
war purposes and all our losses are
falling on the remaining one half, the
Ministry of Shipping contrived in 1917
to bring into the United Kingdom
almost an equal quantity of cotton
as the year before the war and the
trade would have had all it needed if
it had not been for the great call for
cotton for explosives."

He could make no promise regard-
ing the importation for 1918 owing to
the uncertainty regarding losses but
the Shipping Controller hoped to be
able to carry out the wishes of the
War Cabinet.

Sir Chiozza Money denied that a
number of ships carrying cotton had
been lost and said that the greater
part of the cargo of the s.s. Redbridge
(3,334 tons) had been saved and the
cotton despatched to Liverpool by
small craft. It was untrue that the
s.s. Redbridge had been sent from one
port to another. The success of the
Admiralty scheme of protecting con-
voys had been magnificent and it was
hoped to further improve it.

Anti-Aircraft Guns Drop Two Planes

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 14.—The two
German aeroplanes brought down
during the raid on London on the
6th, were forced to descend owing
to damage from our anti-aircraft
guns.

WEEKLY SILVER REPORT

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 13.—Samuel
Montagu's Weekly Silver Report
states the fall in the price was due to
a slight slackening of the demand.

Shanghai Exchange was firm and
yesterday's official rate of 4/3 was the
highest in recent years and ap-
proximates the point at which silver
can be profitably shipped from the
United States, but a United States Gov-
ernment license would be necessary.

Pending definite details of the pro-
posed purchases by the British and
American Governments the market is
somewhat inert.

The silver holding of the Indian
treasury has decreased by 163 lakhs
and its gold holding increased by 62
lakhs.



MY FEES ARE REASONABLE

I do not regulate my charges by the
amount of the patient's bank
account, but maintain a fixed-scale
of prices, charging all persons alike
for similar work done in the same
way. I make no claim to cheap
dentistry, for cheap dentistry is
expensive dentistry. If you purchase
a hat and do not get your "money's
worth," you have only wasted your
money, whereas if you purchase
cheap dentistry you not only waste
your money, but your teeth probably
receive serious injury, possibly re-
sulting in the impairment of the
whole physical system.

Years ago I perceived the great
evil of the inequality of dental
charges. The best dentists charged
too much, and the cheap dentists
charged too little. The former
charged for professional and social
prestige; the latter did not charge
enough to pay for good materials
and the time required for first-class
work. To me a middle course seem-
ed the only fair one, and I adopted
it. I ask prices that permit a fair
margin of profit for honest, skilled
service, but no fancy fees for style
and social prestige.

If you do not think the above
words borne out by my actions, you
are welcome to call at any time and
get my estimate for your own case,
which will not entail any ex-
pense.

Remember my address:
34 Nanking Road, First Floor.
DR. C. CAMERON
"The Painless Dentist"

FAR EASTERN REVIEW

Important articles dealing with
China's industrial future and others
descriptive of her resources are
among the contents of the December
issue of the Far Eastern Review now
on sale at the book stores. An article
on cotton from the pen of Mr. H. H.
Jobson, cotton expert from the United
States now in the employ of the
Chinese Government, points out many
factors that must be reckoned with in
the improvement of that staple pro-
duct. Among the mining articles are
a description of the Shulkooshan Zinc
and Lead Mine and a resume of
China's tin output and resources.

Engineers will be interested in the
description of the pumping out of
Tientsin and the public generally in
the measures taken to provide quar-
ters for the flood sufferers. China's
attitude toward German trade after
the war is set forth in a timely ar-
ticle, while the new American-
Japanese notes and their bearing on
China are discussed at length.

HONAN ASSEMBLY MEETS FOR CONSTRUCTIVE WORK

Special Correspondence to The China Press.
Kaifeng, Fu, December 14.—The
Honan Assembly has finally met after
a delay of nearly a month. Now let
the lawmakers give the people some
constructive legislation. Let them act
for the good of the people, construct
better streets and roads, better schools
and colleges, railroads and canals. It
is a specially fine time to push along
the improvements begun on the
embankments of the Yellow River to
get ready for the next great overflow
that is sure to come before many
years. Such enterprises might fairly
be called constructive.

Note one fact for instance: Kai-
feng is just six miles south of the
Yellow River, but the road is very
heavy because of the sand dunes.
Many miles up the river are coal
mines, stone quarries, rich agricultural
lands. The products of these must
be brought by train. Coal is twice as
dear here as it is in Cheng Chow, only
forty miles to the west. The poor
people must pay the high freight
rates. A light railway to the river or,
better, a canal would cut the rate
of coal down from \$12 a ton to \$6. A
canal would also afford a water sup-
ply for the city. There's millions in
this project?

Who wants to direct it?
A two-day celebration has just been
held to raise money for the Tientsin
flood sufferers. The officers and
gentry took a lively interest in the
matter. The Y.M.C.A. contributed a
moving picture show and the stu-
dents of the Canadian Episcopal
School, St. Andrew's College, gave a
very creditable play. So far over
\$3,000 has been collected and more is
to come.

It has now been definitely decided
by the school authorities that the
graduates of the Government Pre-
paratory School are to be re-examin-
ed beginning January 25. There is
wide interest in the proposed examina-
tion from the fact that the twenty best
are to be sent to America next sum-
mer for a term of years. The ex-
amination will last ten days and
foreigners will aid.

WOMAN'S CLUB MEETS AT THE CARLTON TODAY

Members Will Bring 'Xmas Gifts
For Poor; Philanthropy
Section Has Program

The American Woman's Club
meets at the Carlton at 3 p.m. today
when a committee will be on hand to
receive gifts of clothing, tinned
food, fruits and the like for Christ-
mas distribution among the poor.

Tea will be served at 3.30 and there
will be a sale of embroidery and
crocheted work produced by the Door
of Hope Mission, some of the child-
ren of which institution will be on
hand to assist. The sale starts at 3.

The day's program is in charge of
the Philanthropic department, which
has been investigating Chinese
charitable institutions and working
conditions in and about Shanghai.
Chairmen of the eight groups which
have been doing the work will make
reports on their findings.

Mrs. Darrel Drake, who is a
graduate of the Royal Conservatory
at Leipzig, will play selections by
Beethoven and Handel.

There will be a short business
meeting following the program and
members are requested to bring
pencils. Also, members who hold
overdue books from the Club library
are notified that they must be re-
turned to the library on the third
floor at the Carlton.

DR. W. P. CHEN HOLDS NANCHANG MEETINGS

Special Correspondence to The China Press.
Nanchang, Kiangsi, Dec. 12.—Dr.
W. P. Chen, editor of the Chinese
Christian Advocate of Shanghai, has
just finished a very successful series
of meetings here, lasting for five days.
Addresses were made daily at the
Nanchang Academy, the Baldwin
Girls' School and at the Panpukia
chapel and many private interviews
were held daily. The meetings were
not publicly announced but were
primarily for the benefit of students
and church workers, following the
plans of Mr. Buchman, with whose
party Dr. Chen has for some weeks
been travelling. All unite in the
verdict that the meetings have been
remarkably successful.

Dr. Chen is a graduate of Peking
University and holds his doctor's
degree from Ohio Wesleyan Univer-
sity. The fact that his parents and
brothers and sisters were all murdered
by the Boxers in Chihli in 1900 has
emphasised Dr. Chen's consecration.
He goes from here to hold further
meetings at Kiukiang.

Engineering Society Has Lecture Today

Mr. C. S. Garton will read a paper
on modern methods of waterproofing
concrete at the Engineering Society's
meeting, to be held today at 5.30 p.m.
in the Royal Asiatic Society lecture
hall.

ALLIED NAVAL COUNCIL TO DIRECT WAR AT SEA

Another Co-operative Body To
Control All Purchases In
The United States

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 15.—It is official-
ly announced that it has been decided
to create an Allied Naval Council in
order to ensure the closest touch and
complete co-operation of the Allied
fleets and the development of all
scientific operations in connection
with the conduct of the war.

The Council will watch the general
conduct of the naval war and make
the necessary recommendations to en-
able the Governments to make de-
cisions. The individual responsibil-
ity of the Chiefs-of-Staff and the
Commanders-in-Chief at sea towards
their governments with regard to the
operations in hand and also in regard
to the tactical and strategical dis-
position of their forces remains un-
changed.

The Council will consist of the
Ministers of Marine and the Chiefs of
the Naval Staffs of the nations re-
presented: namely, France, Italy, the
United States and Great Britain. As
the Council will necessarily meet in
Europe, the Chiefs of the Naval Staffs
of the United States and Japan will
be represented by Flag Officers.

The Council will have a permanent
Secretariat which will collate neces-
sary information.
An Inter-Allied Council on war
purchases has been finally established
and will sit alternately in London
and Paris. Its primary object is con-
sideration of the needs of the Allies
for purchases in the United States.
The Council will indicate priorities but
the final decision in these will be made
at Washington.

Unclaimed Cablegrams

Eastern Extension Telegraph Co.
Nov. 15.—Parkedave, Foochow.
Nov. 16.—Robbins, Foochow.
Nov. 20.—Haywood c/o Cooks, H'kong.
Dec. 1.—Washing, Soerabaja.
Dec. 3.—Yutstung, Port Said.
Dec. 6.—Peekgreen, London.
Dec. 8.—Chungsing Tulsing Co. Sui-
tungmoon, Hongkong.
Dec. 11.—Ferrandiz, Manila.

JUST ONE AFTER DINNER

will prevent that uncomfortable heavy
feeling and aid digestion. Two taken
at bed-time dispel Constipation as
gently as nature next morning.



cure Biliousness, Sick Headaches,
Liverishness, clear the complexion,
and sweeten the breath. Of all che-
mists, or post free for 60 cents the
phial, from Dr. Williams' Medicine
Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

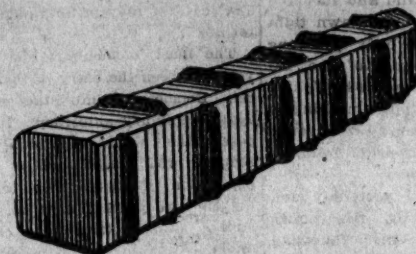
FLASH LIGHT PHOTOS

A scientific job, every body with eyes
open, no smoke. Prints submitted
same evening

Burr 2 Broadway

CORRUGATED BARS

The Standard Concrete Reinforcement



Corrugated square bars,
Type D, rolled from new
billet. Stock sizes:

1' - 3' - 1' - 5' - 3' - 1'
4 - 8 - 2 - 8 - 4 - 1"

Reinforcing estimates prepared
by our concrete engineers.



Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

4 Yuen Ming Yuen Road

Telephone 778



KAHN SYSTEM OF FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

With two outstanding features of excellence:

(1) Prompt and intelligent service by capable engineers
in every part of the world.

(2) The best products obtainable, developed by men
who know. Stocks available in Shanghai.

RIB BARS—EXPAND RIB METAL—PRESSED STEEL BEAMS
RIB LATH—HY RIB—MASONRY PAINTS.
TRUSS CON WATER PROOFING PASTE.

We invite consultation and co-operation

Specialized Engineering Service Will Reduce Construction Costs

TRUSSED CONCRETE STEEL CO. of U.S.A.

AMERICAN TRADING CO., Agents, 53 Szechuen Rd., S'hai



The Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd. - - Telephone 2560

Gande, Price and Co., Ltd. - - - - - 205

PRACTICAL GIFTS

WALK - OVER SHOES

These are the kind to give! Right in line
with the Society for Prevention of Useless
Giving movement. They cannot help being
just what "HE" or "SHE" will appreciate.

Timely advice

DO YOUR SHOPPING EARLY

WALK-OVER SHOE STORE

"The House of Service"

17 NANKING ROAD



The works of the Yale and Towne
Manufacturing Company, now employ
upwards of 4,000 persons. The
great security and high quality of the
Yale Bank Locks and Yale Cylinder
Locks have been chief factors in build-
ing up the sale of Yale Products.

Write us for interesting printed matter
about Yale Locks and Hardware.



MUSTARD & CO.

AGENTS

22 Museum Road.

Shanghai



Sporting News Football

Socony, 6; Xavier's, 3
The Socony Football Club beat St. Francis Xavier's, 6 goals to 3, in the Second Division League game played Saturday on the Widow's Monument ground.

The Xaverians shot the first goal by clever passing early in the contest, despite the fact that they played against the sun, Socony having won the toss.

With one goal against them the Socony pulled themselves together and after some fast team work, Mearns, at center, equalised the score by a beautiful shot from a distance of about ten yards. With the score one all, both sides played with renewed vigor and after about ten minutes the visitors made another goal, scored at long range by their outside right. The Socony defense at first was not always equal to the trickiness of their opponents' forwards, due, no doubt, to injury to one of the half back. The next goal also went to the School. The score now read 3 to 1 in their favor and it looked bad for Socony; but they redoubled their efforts and in consequence were rewarded by two goals in quick succession. Soon after the whistle blew for interval, the score reading 5 all.

In the second half the school's defense seemed to have collapsed for play was nearly all the time in their territory, and with the ball so frequently near their goal, the Socony team did not fail to take advantage and three goals were added to the latter's score. At the call of time the result of the match was Socony 6 goals, St. Xavier's 3.

Of the Socony team the conspicuous players were Mearns, Thompson and Sanft, Noodt and Passos helping considerably as wing men. Of the half backs Harvey and Maser were prominent in tacking, and as for the full backs, Stellingwerf and Oliveros, could always be relied upon. For the St. Xavier's mention must be made of the fine play of their brothers Gutteriez in the forward line, also German and Silva at back.

[Note: With regard to the above game, we have received an unsigned protest, the writer of which asserts that 4 or 5 of the goals scored were off-side, both sides being offenders but Socony the principal one. The referee is criticised for allowing the goals to count and the writer thinks the game ought to be replayed.]

Willows Beat Customs, 3-1
The friendly game between the Willows and the Customs Football Club on the Hongkew Recreation Ground Sunday afternoon resulted in a victory for the Willows by 3 goals to 1.

The game was very well-contested throughout. In the first half neither side could score, although the Customs were pressing most of the time. With in the first quarter-of-an-hour of the second half the Willows, having altered their forward line, scored three goals in quick succession. If Corte-Real, V. Collaco and F. Corte-Real being responsible for the same. The Customs again pressed hard after this and were rewarded with a nice goal from their outside left just before the end of the game.

Nanyang vs. Tung Chi
Before a crowd of well over 1,000 spectators the above match was played on Nanyang College Ground on Sunday afternoon and resulted in a win for Nanyang by 10 goals to 0.

The game was one of the fastest played on the Nanyang Ground this season and although the visiting team failed to score, they certainly played a splendid game. In spite of the fact that Nanyang had played Baptist College on Saturday, most of the same men played Sunday and deserve every credit for their fine performance.

Mr. A. H. Leslie was the whistle holder and disallowed Nanyang 4 goals for breach of the off-side rule. The teams were entertained to tea after the game and voted the match a thoroughly good one.

TRAVELERS CHECKS

SELF-IDENTIFYING Travelers Checks have become popular with the American public simply because they are useful. To carry your funds in the shape of Travelers Checks means two things: First, safety—because each check requires your signature to make it good. Second, convenience—for Travelers Checks are as good as gold, no matter where you travel.

The Travelers Checks of Wells Fargo and Company are known and used throughout the civilized world. They are self-identifying. Wherever you go—to London, Calcutta, or some small American town—your Wells Fargo checks will be readily accepted for full face value by hotels, transportation companies and merchants in general. Your identification is easily established.

You sign your name on the checks when you buy them. Then, when you need cash or wish to pay a bill, you sign the check again (countersign it) in the presence of the man who accepts it. Thus your signature identifies you.

Sold at Current Exchange Rates, premium \$0.50 per \$100.00



WELLS FARGO & CO.,
No. 8 Klukiang Road,
(Corner Szechuen Road)
Telephone 4241.
OWEN WILLIAMS,
General agent.

British Minister Denies Peace Offer Was Made

**Lord Robert Cecil Calls Untrue
German Version Of
Overture**

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 15.—Lord Robert Cecil has informed Reuter's Agency that what purports to be the reply of Germany to the statement made by Mr. A. J. Balfour, Minister of Foreign Affairs, in Parliament regarding the German peace overture last September is quite untrue. Following the lead of President Wilson, Great Britain has been continually endeavoring to discover what are Germany's war aims and has repeatedly endeavored to get this information by means of ministerial speeches, but up to the present without success. It is, however, utterly untrue to suggest that any private inquiries have been addressed to the enemy with the knowledge of the British Government.

British Airship Lost, Another Interned

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 15.—The Admiralty issues the following communiqué:
A British airship of the non-rigid type, with a crew of five, proceeded on patrol on the 11th from the East Coast and has not returned. It is believed that the airship was destroyed by an hostile sea-plane in the southern part of the North Sea.

A second airship of a similar type was forced to descend owing to engine failure in Holland on the 12th.

A British destroyer was sunk on the 12th after a collision. Two men are missing.

Amsterdam, December 14.—A British airship has descended near Utrecht.

The crew of five men had previously landed. They will be interned.

London, Dec. 14.—Lord Rothermere, speaking at the banquet at Gray's Inn this evening, said: "We wholeheartedly favor air reprisals to avenge the murder of innocent women and children and we shall strive for complete and satisfying retaliation. Our output of machines has increased very satisfactorily and, at the present rate of progress, it will not be long before the criticisms of the Air Ministry are silenced."

BANQUET TO YANG TCHENG

To show their appreciation of the efforts of Mr. Yang Tcheng, former Special Envoy in Shanghai, for the development of Chinese industry and commerce, the leading guilds of Shanghai will celebrate his fiftieth birthday in the form of a banquet at his residence this noon.

Billiard Championship

Mr. Gordon Morris defeated Mr. J. V. Jensen, 600 to 587, in the third game of the second round of the Shanghai Amateur Billiard Championship, played at the American Club last night. Mr. Jensen had high break with 43 while his opponent's highest was 34.

PIAVE VALLEY FLOODED TO CHECK AUSTRIANS

**Italians Stubbornly Resisting
Attacks, Yielding Little And
Inflicting Huge Losses**

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 16.—Reuter's correspondent with the French army in Italy, describing the artillery defense belt of Venice, which is entirely a naval affair, states that a vast stretch of country bounded by part of the River Piave has been flooded in order to check the Austrians. The enemy can never pass this. High-banked roads and farmhouses alone remain above the water. Some of these farmhouses are held by the Austrians and others by the Italians and each side tries to destroy the farms held by the enemy. The awful desolation of Flanders is alone to be compared to the dismalness of this wintry battlefield.

The Italians' formidable array of artillery is superior to that of the Austrians on this part of the front. The Italians have floating batteries which work hard at night frustrating the attempts of the enemy to construct fieldworks and lay bridges of boats across the Piave.

Reuter's correspondent says that the statues of Venice have been bricked up and its historic buildings protected with sandbags. Up to the present only slight damage has been done by bombs dropped by aeroplanes. Most of the shops are closed. The gondolas have vanished and only a thousand out of the normal 150,000 inhabitants of Venice remain.

Rome December 15.—An official communiqué reports:

The battle between the Brenta and the Piave continues to rage fiercely.

The enemy launched a mass-attack yesterday afternoon. Our counter-offensive, which aimed to lighten the pressure, twice reached the summit of Monte Pertica. The enemy thrust was most violent at Col Caprile and southward of Col della Beretta. Our counter-attack completely repulsed the assault with heavy losses. The enemy again attacked and reached Col Caprile. We firmly held the positions a little to the rear.

We twice repulsed strong attacks against the head of our Monte Solarolo salient.

An official communiqué yesterday reported:

Our firm resistance has compelled the enemy to suspend his infantry attack at Col Caprile and Col della Beretta.

Our aeroplanes shelled his concentrated troops.

The enemy launched dense masses of troops in an encircling movement against our salient at Monte Solarolo. Our infantry, aided by the Italian and French batteries, repulsed the enemy, yielding only a short section of ground after inflicting immense losses.

London, December 15.—(By wireless) A German official communiqué reports:

We have taken 3,000 prisoners during the last few days between the Brenta and the Piave.

The Austrians stormed positions southward of Col Caprile, taking several hundred prisoners.

Obituary

Mr. Charles Bellby Kaye
Mr. Charles Bellby Kaye, head of the firm of Messrs. C. B. Kaye and Co., died yesterday morning at his residence at 24 Gordon Road after a long illness.

Mr. Kaye was only 39 years old. He came to Shanghai about 15 years ago and was widely known, making many friends in the community. His health had been falling for a year past and he had spent a considerable portion of that time in the hospital. A month ago he rallied, but recently suffered a relapse. He leaves a widow and children.

The funeral will be held at Bubbling Well Cemetery at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Archdeacon Louis Byrde
Archdeacon Louis Byrde of the Church Mission Society, in Hunan, died on November 11. It is stated in reports just received here. It is not known whether his death occurred at his station of Yungchow or at Siangtan. Archdeacon Byrde was 47 years old and took his A.B. at Cambridge. He was a correspondent of The North China Daily News.

PORTUGAL REMAINS LOYAL TO THE ALLIES

**New Government At Lisbon
Issues Manifesto Denying
German Rumors**

CHINA PRESS' OWN SERVICE
Peking, Dec. 17.—The Portuguese Legation publishes a communiqué from the new government at Lisbon strenuously asserting the exclusively domestic character of the recent uprising which was absolutely republican, unconnected with or unassisted by foreign organizations. The government is entirely faithful to its British alliance and will carry out all treaties and pacts with the Allies.

The hostility of the German press, the activity of German agents and the bombardments of Funchal demonstrate the Central Powers consider that the new government will not further their plans. Lisbon categorically repudiates expressions contrary to the foregoing and characterizes them as deliberately calculated to foster dissension.

CONSIDER

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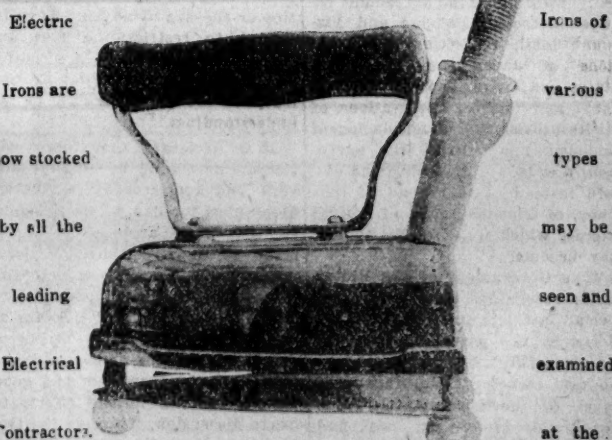
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WEATHER

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monsoon, reaching the straits
of a gale along the coast.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, DECEMBER 18, 1917

An Armistice on Eastern Front

THE signing of an armistice between Russia and the Central Powers does not create a new military situation on the Eastern Front; it merely confirms in writing a condition that has existed for some months and guarantees that there will be no change there for another month, or longer.

Much of the harm possible to the Allies though the armistice already has been accomplished. The collapse of the Russian military power, following the short-lived Brussloff offensive which was launched shortly after the abdication of the Tsar, saved the situation for the hard-pressed Central Powers, by enabling them to hurl hundreds of thousands of fresh and well-rested troops from the Eastern Front against the Western and Italian fronts.

What was probably more important, it permitted them to turn all the ammunition that would have gone to the Eastern Front against Britain, France and Italy.

It is evident, however, from yesterday's despatches that the Central Powers are taking advantage of the opportunity they now have, while the Russian Government is controlled by Trotsky, Lenin & Co., to press negotiations for a separate peace with that country. There is nothing new on which to base a conjecture as to whether these negotiations will be successful. The Russian people, both under the old regime and under its successor the Provisional Government, headed by Kerensky, stood committed to the cause of the Allies and in honor bound not to make a separate peace. The present Bolshevik Government evidently does not consider that those earlier agreements are in any degree binding upon it. If it can make a peace with the Central Powers, that peace will be signed, and providing it is not upset by another revolution in Russia it will stand.

Such a peace probably would include an exchange of prisoners and while Russia would get back several millions of peasants, the Central Powers would gain 1,750,000 well trained soldiers. All of which may be generally interpreted as pointing to a long spell of hard fighting but peace with Russia will not give the Central Powers the things they need if they are to win the war. Peace with Russia will not, for a couple of years at least, lead to any extra food or clothing being placed at the disposal of Germany—and by that time an awakening probably will have occurred in Russia, an awakening that will put her back where her every interest demands she should be, making war to the bitter end against the Prussian military autocracy. And by that time, we believe, America will be hitting so hard that the brave Western Allies will not need Russia, however much they may regret her withdrawal now.

The Lansing-Ishii Agreement

(New York Times)

THE permanence and practical working of the agreement between Secretary Lansing and Viscount Ishii, respecting the relations of Japan and the United States and China, depend upon the equal and faithful observations of all its provisions. A misplacing of emphasis might make the agreement a cause for difference and discord instead of that bond of harmony, of friendship and of mutual interest which we cordially hope it may become.

"The Government of the United States recognizes that Japan has special interests in China, particularly in the part to which her possessions are contiguous"—so runs the first structural and important clause of the agreement. Then, immediately following, we find these two self-denying ordinances, equally of the very structure and binding obligation of the covenant: "The territorial sovereignty of

China, nevertheless, remains unimpaired, and the Government of the United States has every confidence in the repeated assurances of the Imperial Japanese Government that while geographical position gives Japan such special interests they have no desire to discriminate against the trade of other nations or to disregard the commercial rights heretofore granted by China in treaties with other Powers.

"The Governments of the United States and Japan deny that they have any purpose to infringe in any way the independence or territorial integrity of China, and they declare, furthermore, that they always adhere to the principle of the so-called 'open door' or equal opportunity for commerce and industry in China."

The two provisions must be read together—that in which we recognize Japan's special interest in China and that in which both Governments pledge themselves to respect the territorial integrity and the independence of China and to adhere to the principle of the "open door," of equal opportunity for commerce and industry in China. The one must not be put above the other. We may plainly see, and Japan cannot fail to see, that this agreement might become a menace to the friendly relations of Japan and the United States if there were any failure on our part or on the part of Japan to observe in absolute good faith the stipulation concerning the territorial integrity and independence of China or the principle of equal trade opportunity.

Unquestionably, the agreement has its dangers as well as its advantages. We must remember that China is a sovereign nation. It is a very delicate matter for two nations to execute agreements recognizing the special interests of either in her affairs. Our Monroe Doctrine gives us no special interest in the internal affairs, no shadow of control over the foreign relations, of the other republics of the western world, save in the case of Cuba. The Government of Japan, of course, understands that our recognition of its special interests in China concedes no right or authority of that kind over the destinies of the Chinese people and does not, cannot, in any way impair the sovereignty of their Government. If through any misunderstanding of this fundamental fact China, feeling herself aggrieved, should be forced to appeal to us for protection against Japan, or to Japan for protection against us, the Lansing-Ishii agreement, as we have said, would become a source of danger to the friendly relations existing between the two parties to it.

For our part, we can have no intention of trenching upon the territory or upon the sovereign rights of the Chinese Republic. We accept this agreement as a solemn engagement on the part of Japan to respect the territory and the sovereign rights of China as we shall respect them, and it is a reassuring pledge, opportunistically given at a moment when Germany, the common enemy of the two countries, has been busy sowing the seeds of suspicion and mischief, deliberately intended for embroilment.

The spirit of the instrument is admirable, the spirit in which this agreement was reached was most friendly, and these mutual covenants should remove all causes of difference between Japan and the United States and any anxiety that may have existed on one part or the other concerning the interests of either in China or elsewhere. The agreement will be put to the test, not at once, but when the commerce of the world resumes its flow in the usual volume and through natural channels after the war. Our trade with China will be important. Japan enjoys the very great advantage of nearness to that market and she will understand that she has no need, in addition to that, of any policies or methods contrary to the principle of the "open door." That principle means what it says and any practice or the use of any influence intended to restrict the free and equal opportunities of any nation trading with China would be contrary to the principle and to the understanding.

It is necessary that these considerations should be brought into view and kept steadily in view on both sides, for it must be recognized that the Lansing-Ishii agreement is an exceedingly delicate matter, since it so manifestly involves the interests of a third nation not a party to it. So far as the interests and the relations of the United States and Japan are concerned, the agreement is a good one; it nullifies hostile efforts to create dissension, it brings the two countries together in mutual and friendly understanding, which the people of the United States sincerely trust will long continue.

Sarah Bernhard's
Hymn Of Hate

"A Prayer for Our Enemies," which, written by a French soldier, is recited by Madame Sarah Bernhardt is translated by Charles Henry Meltzer thus:

Thou who, they say, rewardest sacrifice.

Thou who dost weigh and judge all men's ideals,
Liege Lord and Master of the whole wide world.

Buckler and Shield of innocents who suffer—

Thou before whom the pride of evil bows;

When the dread hour of justice shall be tolled.

For us and for the foes 'gainst whom we strive—

Thou, Lord, who fathomest their inmost soul,

Do not forgive them—they know what they do!

They have drenched the book of history with blood.

Tearing up treaties and betraying oaths.

By them the nations have been swiftly swept

Back to the very brink of darkest night!

And when, by an effort of heroic will,
One nation had welcomed death before dishonor.

They nailed it to the cross without a tremor.

Thou, Lord who fathomest their inmost soul,

Do not forgive them—they know what they do!

O, Thou, whom they have dared to call their Leader,

Thou, to whom they do not fear to pray,

Lord, in Thy Day of Wrath, which soon shall dawn,

Let loose against them all Thy winds and storms!

Though they repent, heed not their penitent words.

Let not Thy mercy blossom when they sorrow.

For them heap shame on shame, renew disaster!

Thou, Lord, who fathomest their inmost soul,

Do not forgive them—they know what they do!

Let hunger torture them; O, let them know

The uttermost anguish of the Avenging Law!

Their hearts aflame with hatred and revolt.

Let them see Peace forever shun their shores;

And may they know the day, as we have known it,

When ruthless warriors of the Power of Night,

Their temples shall lay waste and maim their babes,

And violate the dear women whom they love.

Thou, Lord, who fathomest their inmost soul,

Do not forgive them—they know what they do!

Drown them in tears. Let nothing they may do

Wipe out the horror of their inhuman crime.

May they pay doubly for the pain we suffer.

Smite them, O Lord, with thy relentless hand,

Until the day when, to redeem our race,

Thy vengeance in its sure and even course,

Shall efface them from the world of men forever!

Thou, Lord who fathomest their inmost soul,

Do not forgive them—they know what they do!

War Time Wallops

Despite the scarcity of foodstuffs in Germany the Teuton diplomats continue to spill the beans.—Kansas City Star.

The value of the German mark may fall and fall, but it can never hope to get as cheap as some of the people it bought in America.—New York Evening Sun.

Secretary Baker in his weekly communique says the Germans are still powerful, though shaken. Well, they will have to be well shaken before taken, perhaps.—New York Morning Telegraph.

Italy should have no difficulty in stretching its national food.—Boston Transcript.

POLITENESS

By Thomas Jefferson

I have mentioned good humor as one of the preservatives of our peace and tranquility. It is among the most effectual, and its effect is so well imitated and aided, artificially, by politeness that this also becomes an acquisition of first rate value. In truth, politeness is artificial good humor; it covers the natural want of it, and ends by rendering habitual a substitute nearly equivalent to the real virtue. It is the practice of sacrificing to those whom we meet in society all the little conveniences and preferences which will gratify them and deprive us of nothing worth a moment's consideration; it is the giving a pleasing and flattering turn to our expressions which will conciliate others and make them pleased with us as well as themselves. How cheap a price for the good will of another!

ITALY AND FRANCE ADOPT
TWO MILLION ORPHANS

By Frederic J. Haskin

Nearly two million orphans were placed under the guardianship of the state recently when the French and Italian governments passed laws adopting them. No longer will the children of France and Italy be permitted to die from lack of food; no longer will they be worked beyond their strength, and no longer will they be exploited by thrifty relatives. The state stands ready to protect them.

These laws are a part of a notable change in the attitude of governments toward the individual which is being enforced by the war. Heretofore laws have been designed primarily for the protection of property. The protection of human life has been a secondary matter; many persons have been allowed to starve or grow up under-nourished and over-worked, while others have suffered just as much from over-eating and under-work. Now we suddenly find all of the embattled governments putting into effect measures which are designed to insure that everyone gets at least enough of the earth's products to keep him decently and efficiently alive. All of the food-control and civilian pension measures of this nature. Now France and Italy are making the state responsible for the welfare of orphans. It is only a short step from this to insuring the welfare of all children. The millions that have died on the battlefield, whatever other causes they may have served, have at least brought to civilization a new sense of the value of human life, by the simple method of creating a human shortage.

France passed its war orphan bill ostensibly as a debt to its soldiers who had fallen on the field of battle, but the fact that the French birth rate is so far below the death rate actually inspired the measure. France's hope for the future is now entirely wrapped up in the younger generation. The children must be protected as never before.

Italy, too, feels this keenly. The Wars of the Balkans made great inroads on the Italian population, and the present war has taken even greater tolls. The necessity of conserving every human life for the future of the country is clearly recognized. In this respect the Italian law goes a step farther than the French law, in that it provides for the state adoption of all orphans, whether victims of the war or not. It also provides for the adoption of all feeble-minded persons up to any age.

With these exceptions, the laws of both nations are very much alike. The French law passed the Chamber of Deputies last July, after stormy debates in which, curiously enough, one of the greatest issues was religion. The Protestants appeared to be afraid that the Catholics would obtain the majority of memberships on the guardianship board. This dispute was finally settled amicably, but the law, as it passed, was admitted to contain many practical defects. Concerning this, M. Leon Berard, rapporteur of the Deputies, said:

"The measure is extremely urgent, and if it is necessary to revise our work sooner or later it will not be a matter of scandal or surprise, because all the legislative assemblies of the world will be doing the same, for the very simple reason that they are going to legislate on subjects ever newer and more complex."

The guarding of one million French children is a complex problem in itself. To figure out the needs of each child, from education to hair-ribbons, is a task that should test the executive ability of any government, to say nothing of a government at war. But the chamber of deputies appears to have been equal to it. In the first place, a national commission, under the direction of the Minister of Public Instruction, was established. The duties of this commission are to distribute the funds of guardianship; to investigate and report on all measures affecting the wards, and to determine the eligibility of private institutions for children. Its membership includes ninety-nine members, selected from teachers' associations, public assistance societies, agricultural trades, business and workmen's trade associations, co-operative and mutual aid societies and philanthropic associations caring for war orphans.

Private charity has accomplished marvelous things in France during the war. On it has fallen the care of most of the war orphans, both French and Belgian. With thousands of homeless children on its hands, the nation would have been sadly handicapped had not philanthropic men and women stepped in and taken care of them. Children's colonies were founded and put under the supervision of widows or disabled

soldiers; children's vocational schools were established, and many were boarded out at farms. Soup kitchens and day nurseries were opened everywhere. And still there were hundreds of children who were never reached, who died from lack of food, and who were shamelessly exploited by their relatives, who spent their pensions and exhibited them in public as an aid to begging.

In order to keep the assistance of private charity, and at the same time to co-ordinate the efforts of its various institutions, the Chamber of Deputies further provided for provincial commissions to be chosen from the same sources as the national commission and to be under its direction. These state or provincial commissions will have the actual control of the child. They are to decide where the child shall live, where he shall go to school, what his recreation shall be; in short, they will decide his destiny.

The government urges, however, that every child shall be treated as an individual, a personality. Naturally, there will be orphans from every walk of life. Many will be sons and daughters of artists, business men, college professors, army officers and engineers; others will be children of mechanics, tradesmen and farmers. Hence, the duty of the commission is to place each child in the environment to which he has been accustomed. Says the law:

"A child, by the act of being born, achieves a number of rights—to subsistence, education, family affection and legal protection. The father is the natural defender of these rights, but when he falls upon the field of honor, France has the honor of taking his place, since in these children rests her future."

The guardianship of the government is extended to all orphans whose fathers, mothers or other supporters have died during the war, either as military or civil victims of the enemy. It is also extended to every child born or conceived before the end of the war, whose father or mother or family support is prevented from earning a living by wounds or diseases contracted or aggravated by the war. Illegitimate children are included, and so are children of other nationalities, whose fathers have fought for France.

Children already in colonies or schools under the supervision of private charity are automatically transferred under the control of the government, while the claims of individual orphans are filed in the courts. If a court decides that a child is eligible to be a ward of the nation, he is at once sent to the state commission of guardians in the province in which he lives, where his case is considered.

The case of little Rene, for example, is significant. Rene had lived in a penstone with his mother while his father went to the firing line. His mother was in feeble health and when the news of his father's death came it killed her. Only Rene was left, and he was six years old. The landlady who used to launder the family clothes finally came and took him, seeing in Rene an errand boy and a government pension. Subsequently a local philanthropic institution came and got him, having learned that the landlady had him, and filed his claim for adoption with the court. By dint of much investigation it was found that Rene's father had left enough money to educate him.

Under the new adoption system, when a man is killed or wounded on the firing line the government at once ascertains if he has any children. If so, a member of the local commission of guardians is sent to investigate the family's conditions, and to look after them.

The Italian law contains the same working plan as that of France, with the exceptions already cited, and certain minor differences. The head of the Italian war orphan commission, for instance, is the Minister of the Interior instead of the Minister of Public Instruction, and the membership of the local committees is different. It includes the Prefect as chairman; the guardianship judge of the court; the physician of the province; a delegate of the provincial commission of public charity; the school inspector; two representatives elected by the provincial council; two officers in service or on leave, one from the army and one from the navy; one delegate from each national institute and one appointed by the various charitable institutions of the province caring for children. These members will guard the interests of the Italian children.

Thus the two governments have become foster fathers of the younger generation. They are building the future France and Italy from the very foundations up, and incidentally setting a new example for other nations. In America, for example, government Children's Bureau is making a study of these laws.

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The Study of Mankind in A Great Museum :- By Garrett P. Serviss

We return once more to the magnificent museums in the Smithsonian grounds which the national government maintains, in the name of the Smithsonian Institution, and under the nominal headship of the President of the United States and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Every successive visit to them impresses one more deeply with their immense educational riches. The New Museum, or Natural History Building, is a type of the best that the world has yet seen in this kind of institution.

The intellectual joy that one experiences while studying its collections is indescribable.

We go today into the halls that contain the collections relating to ethnology, or the social history of man. Here one sees the world in review, and the visitor must have but a dull imagination if he does not feel himself voyaging through space and time, with the most famous explorers, from the days when the curtain was first lifted on the romance of the "South Seas" to those when the wonderful and long half-hidden history of the aboriginal inhabitants of western and southwestern America began to be disclosed and understood.

To the casual visitor the most striking and memorable things to be seen here—things whose admirable realism will never fade from his mind—are the life-size and life-like groups of peoples, strangers to most of us, who

are shown in their everyday occupations, dress, and surroundings, with a force and freedom of depiction that throw the very atmosphere of nature over the scenes.

I have noted about thirty such groups, including a few single figures, all of which are object-lessons in the great study of mankind, giving a new zest to history, and throwing a most vivid light upon what one has read of strange nations, tribes and races, who practise customs and pursue ideals of the unfamiliar to us. They teach, in an hour or two of pleasurable inspection, more knowledge of ethnology than months of laborious book reading could furnish.

You should, nevertheless, read carefully the whole of the descriptive inscriptions, for many of these are most illuminating little treatises, containing information that you could hardly obtain elsewhere. Remember that here are gathered together the incomparable fruits of many years of labor and exploration, conducted under the direction of perhaps the most powerful institution for the collection and diffusion of knowledge that the world contains.

Sometimes one of these ethnologic groups calls up delightful recollections of what one has read years ago of far-off wonders in remote corners of the world, in the center of distant seas and amid the coral-line splendors of Pacific islands—and not only that, but it flashes a bright light upon scenes hitherto beheld only in the relatively dim and uncertain illumination of the imagination.

For instance, there is a captivating home scene in a native hut on the Samoan Islands, where the graceful, flower-bedecked figures of the young women, their courteous bearing and their smiling and really beautiful faces, explain in an instant the enchantment that fell upon the early explorers of the paradisiacal archipelagoes of the South Seas, and

turned the hearts of the celebrated "Mutineers of the Bounty" forever from their homes and their native country, content henceforth "in the hollow lotus-land to live and lie reclined—girdled by the gleaming world."

So every one of these admirable groups serves to make the beholder see more clearly the unity in diversity of the human species and to understand more completely the minds and the lives of representatives of his kind who hitherto may have seemed to him as alien as inhabitants of a different planet.

He can study the faces of Esquimaux in their snowy homes and see them (and their dogs also!) laughing at the luck of a fur-clad fisherman who has made a strange catch through a deep hole in the floating ice continent that canopies the Northern pole; he can watch the Indians of Santa Catalina quarrying soapstone and shaping it into the rude beauty of primitive pottery; or admire the greater skill of Zuni women turning lumps of clay into more artistic products; or try to catch the secret of the skill of Navajo blanket weavers at their work; he can stand in admiration before a Sioux Indian woman, with a face that will remind him of some of Fenimore Cooper's red-skinned heroines, while he wonders at the grace and beauty of her beaded buckskin frock; or he can find yet greater attraction in the extraordinary whorls of glossy, jet-black hair that adorn the heads of brown-faced, bright-eyed Hopi Indian maidens, delighted with the feat of their little brother who has just brought home a rabbit killed with an actual boomerang.

You have read how the Indians of the plains used to place the bodies of their dead high among the branches of trees or on lofty platforms, beyond the reach of carnivorous beasts, and it is possible that you may have thought such a custom not inferior in poetic quality to our own of burying our dead friends in the dank earth; but whatever your thought of it, it must be vivified by a sight of a real burial-frame, beautifully shapely in bent wood, like a large cradle (as if death were a second mother, whose ways are gentle and not to be feared), which once contained the body of a Cheyenne child.

There are the red, blue and white blankets whose borders were blown by the winds, and the beads whose colors and glitter in the sunshine caught the eyes of the passing birds, and looking upon these things you get closer to the hearts of the original owners of our continent than any traveler's or historian's descriptions and commentaries could put you.

Widening the realistic education that the groups of lifelike figures

and the objects associated with them afford to the student of many-sided mankind are to be found large models of dwellings, villages, island homes, community houses, cliff dwellings, fortresses and primitive mines, which alone might occupy the attention of any thoughtful visitor for many hours, and, taken in connection with the other things, they make an exhibition of ethnological science that, in the field it covers, is unrivaled.

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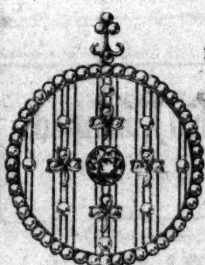
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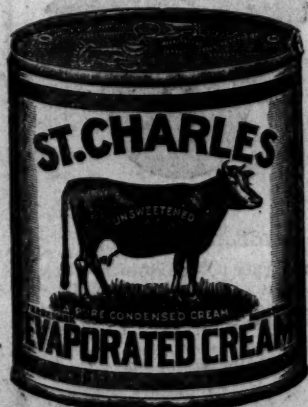
15 Nanking Road

\$1 opens a Savings Account.
\$50 opens a Checking Account.

Don't put off starting to save, because the longer you procrastinate the harder it will be to begin. Let nothing prevent you from saving a portion of your income every month.

You wouldn't think of drinking unboiled water;
Are you as careful about the milk you drink?

Many cases of sickness in Shanghai—sickness which sometimes has a fatal termination—are traced to a tainted source of milk supply.



ST. CHARLES

Evaporated Cream

comes from healthy cows, raised under expert supervision. It is just pure rich milk, evaporated and condensed.

AGENTS FOR CHINA

CONNELL BROS. COMPANY



Dr. John Goddard
Optician

Refracting
and
Manufacturing

Toric Lenses

Invisible Bifocals

Sun Glasses

in
Various Shades

W. T. Findley M. D.
24, Nanking Road



SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

SHOWROOM: 29 Nanking Road.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

BENJAMIN AND POTTS
SHARE LIST
Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	\$600 S.
Chartered	\$24 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 310 S.
North China	Tls. 115
Union of Canton	Tls. 760
Yangtze	\$205
Far Eastern Ins. Co. Ltd.	Tls. 10 B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	\$125 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 310
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 100
"Shell"	112s. 6d.
Shanghai Tug (O)	Tls. 22
Shanghai Tug (I)	Tls. 40s.
Mining	
Kalping	Tls. 9 B.
Oriental Coal	\$74. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.50
Raub	Tls. 2 1/4 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	Tls. 124 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 73 1/2
New Eng. Works	Tls. 12 1/2 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 66 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 95 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo French Land	Tls. 70
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 70
Wellington Land	\$8 B.
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 50
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cottons Mills	
E-Wo	Tls. 175 1/2 B.
E-Wo Pref.	Tls. 97 1/2
International	Tls. 83
International (pref.)	Tls. 63 1/2
Laon-kung-mow	Tls. 63 B.
Oriental	Tls. 40
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 121
Kung Yik	Tls. 15.80
Yangtzepoo	Tls. 6.80
Yangtzepoo Pref.	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	Tls. 88 B.
Green Island	Tls. 7.65 S.
Langkats	Tls. 15
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 70 S.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	Tls. 14 B.
Lewellyn	\$50
Lane, Crawford	\$100
Moutrie	\$35
Watson	Tls. 5 1/4 B.
Weeks	Tls. 14 S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 9 1/2
Amberst	Tls. 1
Anglo-Java	Tls. 9.55
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 4 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 28
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 1.05
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 4.40
Bute	Tls. 1.15
Chemor United	Tls. 1 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 10 1/2
Cheng	Tls. 2 B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2.80
Dominion	Tls. 9 1/2
Gula Kalumpung	Tls. 6.50
Java Consolidated	Tls. 16 1/2
Kamunting	Tls. 6
Kapala	Tls. 0.90
Kapayang	Tls. 37 1/2
Karan	Tls. 12
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 7
Kroewok Java	Tls. 16
Padang	Tls. 12 1/2 Sa.
Pengkalan Duri	Tls. 8 1/2
Pernyata	Tls. 3
Repah	Tls. 0.90 B.
Samsagug	Tls. 0.50 B.
Seeke	Tls. 6
Semambu	Tls. 1.10
Senawang	Tls. 12
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.92 1/2
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 11.10
Sungala	Tls. 1.55
Sungai Dur	Tls. 9
Sun Mangsi	Tls. 6 1/2
Sun Mangsi	Tls. 77 1/2 cts.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 75 cts.
Taip	Tls. 1 1/4 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.97 1/2
Tebong	Tls. 17 1/2
Ulobri	Tls. 2 1/2
Zangbe	Tls. 4 1/2 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110
Cully Dairy	Tls. 9 S.
Shai Elec. and Ash	Tls. 2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 66 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 20
Shai Telephone	Tls. 78 Sa.
Shai Waterworks	Tls. 187 1/2

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers.
Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road
Telephone No. 398

British-America Assurance Co.

Telephone No. 398
The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & CO.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, December 17, 1917.

Money and Bullion

Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate	Tls.
@ 102 1/2 = Tls. 96.85	
@ 72.5 = Mex. \$133.59	
Mex. Dollars Market rate	72.25
Dragon Dollars: native bank rate	Tls. 11
Shai Gold Bars: 975 touch Tls. 2.80	
Bar Silver	Tls. 285
Copper Cash	per tael 178
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate @ 4/3d. = Tls. 4.70	
exch. @ 72.5 = Mex. \$6.49	
Peking Bar	Tls.
Native Interest07

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	43d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market rate of discount	7 1/2
3 m-s	%
4 m-s	%
6 m-s	%

Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.
Ex. Paris on London ... Fr. 37.53
Ex. N. Y. on London ... T.T. \$47.00

Consols

London	T.T. 4 1/2
India	(nominal) T.T. 298
Paris	T.T. 550
New York	T.T. 191 1/2
Hongkong	T.T. 70
Japan	T.T. 51
Batavia	T.T. 23 1/2

Banks Buying Rates

London	4 m-s. Cds. 4/5d.
London	4 m-s. Docy. 4/5d.
London	6 m-s. Cds. 4/5d.
London	6 m-s. Docy. 4/5d.
Paris	m-s. 60 1/2
New York	4 m-s. 105 1/2

Customs House Exchange Rates

For December	
Hk. Tls. 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2	21
" 1 @ 56 1/2 = France	6.30
" 1 No quotation Marks	15.14
" 0.92 @ 97 1/2 Gold	31
" 1 @ 5 1/2 Yen	2.12
" 1 @ 15 Rupees	3.44
" 1 @ 36 1/2 Rubles	9.47
" 1 @ 1.50 Mex.	1.50

U. K. METAL MARKET

London, December 14.—Today's metal prices were:—

Standard Copper G. M. B.	f. o. b. ... Nominal. 110 5 0
American Electrolytic 99	90% Copper f. o. b. ... 125 0 0
Lead L. B. & L. f. per ton. Nominal.	Soft Lead "Spanish" f. o. b. 30 0 0
Quicksilver, Second hand	Ex Warehouse f. o. b. (1st Extra in flask) Nominal. 20 10 0
Muntz Metal, f. o. b. London or Liverpool (less 3/4%)	Nominal.
Standard Tin (Cash)	299 10 0
Spelter (ordy soft) f. o. b. 52 0 0	
Galvanised Sheets 24	Gauge f. o. b. ... 26 5 0
Standard Tin (3 Months)	295 10 0
Silk Price of Blue Elephant	0 25 0
Silk Price of Gold Killing	0 21 6

China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

We issue Policies in Sterling

Take advantage of the Exchange.

Telephone to us, Central

2601, or write to the Head Office,

10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S" PRIVATE HOTEL

Established 22 years,

102 Bubbling Well Road. Seven

minutes from Bund by tram, which

stop at the door. Strictly first-class

cuisine under the personal supervision

of the proprietress, 60 rooms,

separate baths, with hot and cold

water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

British Advancing
Further In Palestine

Line Is Extended And Towns Occupied With Little Resistance

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 16.—An official

despatch from Palestine states:

We advanced our left center yesterday

northeastward of Ludd on a

front of five miles to a maximum

depth of 1 1/4 miles with little

opposition. We occupied Kibbiyah,

Ahlhanneh, Khel Bornat and the ridge

overlooking El Tireh.

We dropped 56 bombs on a motor-

boat, sheds and troops at the mouth

of the Jordan with good effect, obtaining

24 hits.

An official despatch from Palestine

yesterday reported: We have

further extended our line northeast

of Jerusalem, taking 140 prisoners.

General Sir Edmund Allenby is

gazetted a G. C. M. G.

The Chief Rabbi has addressed a

letter to the King on behalf of the

Jewish communities of the Empire

congratulating His Majesty on the

historic victories of the army in the

Holy Land.

He says:

"The occupation of Jerusalem,

following so closely on the epoch-

making declaration of the Govern-

ment on Palestine as a national home

for the Jewish people, causes the

hearts of millions of my brethren

throughout the world to throb with

the deepest gratitude to the Almighty.

"The House of Israel fervently

prays for the complete and lasting

success of Your Majesty's forces

everywhere."

The King has replied expressing

deep appreciation of the congratula-

tions of the Chief Rabbi.

The Chief Rabbi has telegraphed

to General Sir Edmund Allenby his

heartfelt congratulations.

The Chief Rabbi has arranged for

a special praise of thanksgiving for

the taking of Jerusalem to be included

in the Synagogue service tomorrow.

Reuter's Service

London, December 15.—Today's

rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex Crepe:

Spot: 2s. 3 1/4d. paid.

January to March: 2s. 4d. buyers.

Tendency of Market: Quiet.

Previous Quotation, London, Dec.

14:—

Spot: 2s. 4 1/4d. paid.

January to March: 2s. 5d. done.

Tendency of Market: Irregular.

London, December 14.—Today's

rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex Crepe:

Spot: 2s. 4 1/4d. paid.

January to March: 2s. 5d. done.

Tendency of Market: Irregular.

Previous Quotation, London, Dec.

13:—

Spot: 2s. 3 1/4d. paid. 2s. 3 1/4d.

paid.

January to March: 2s. 4d. done.

Tendency of Market: Firmer.

Reuter's Service

RUBBER OUTPUT

Messrs. Hopkins Dunn and Co.

Agents for the Taping Rubber

Estates, Ltd., inform us that the out-

put of rubber from the Taping

Estates for the month of November,

1917, was 14,727 lbs.

Reuter's Service

BAR SILVER

London, December 14.—Today's

silver prices were:—

Bar Silver Spot: 43 1/4d. Less inquiry.

Bar Silver Spot: 43 1/4d. Small de-

mand. Steady.

Previous Quotation, London, Dec.

13:—

Bar Silver Spot: 42 1/4d. Quiet.

Reuter's Service

COMMERCIAL CABLES

London, December 14.—Today's

prices and deliveries were:—

Consols 2 1/2% for account: 154 1/2.

Cheques on London at Paris: Fr.

27.18.

T.T. on London at New York:

G. 37 1/2.

Bar Silver (Spot): 43 1/4d.

Bank of England Rate of Dis-

count: 5%.

Market rate of Discount: 4 1/2%.

Cotton: Egyptian P. G. F. Sakel-

laridis: 31.65d.

Cotton: M. G. Fine Scindie and

Bengal: 17.72d.

Cotton: Goodmiddling Americans:

22.84d.

Plantation Rubber December:

2 3/4% Value.

Hornshys 8 1/4 lb. Shirlings: 24/-d.

Calverts 10 lb. Shirlings: 28/-d.

Taylors 40s. Yarn 40d.

Price of Common to Low Medium

Tea fixed 11 pence to shilling.

16/12/17.

Reuter's Service

Departures

Date For Ship's Name Tons Fls. Agents

Dec 16 Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'sin Fengtien

17 H. Kowloon, Yohyen maru 1073 Br. B. & S.

17 do Kiangshin 1917 Jap. N.Y.K.

17 do Porthos 2101 Chi. C.M.S.N.Co.

17 do Hwahsh 7838 Fr. Cie M.M.

17 do Wooning 887 Chi. K.M.A.

17 do Hsin Peking 1127 Br. J.M. & Co.

17 Ningsao 2153 Chi. N.S.S.Co.

Hsin Ningsao

GERMAN TRADE DEPENDS
ON ALLIES AFTER WAR

Control of Raw Materials To Be Effective Check Against Enemy

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 14.—Mr. Wal-

ter Runciman, M.P., formerly Pres-

ident of the Board of Trade, speak-

ing at Preston today, said that when

we make peace with Germany we

shall have to bring home to her that

the Allies controlled the principal

raw materials of the world.

America could shut off cotton and

Germany could obtain only a little

from Asia Minor.

We could deprive her of three-

fourths of the hides she requires for

leather purposes and practically all

rubber, which is now an essential

part of nearly every manufacture.

We are now doing all this by means

of our blockade, which is growing

tighter and becoming more effective

month by month, with inevitable re-

sults to the stable industries of Ger-

many.

We had declared it to be a part of

our policy, as declared by the Amer-

icans, to enforce the maintenance of

peace by control of raw materials.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agent
Dec 19	6.00	Victoria & Seattle	Tokio maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
20	10.00	Tacoma and Seattle	Korea maru	Jap.	Alexander
21	10.00	San Francisco	Hawaii maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
22	10.00	Victoria B.C. and Seattle	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
23	10.00	San Francisco	Siberia maru	Jap.	Alexander

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agent
Dec 18	1.00	Kobe and Yokohama	Mishima maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
18	1.00	Kobe and Yokohama	Chikuzo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
19	1.00	Kobe and Yokohama	Suwa maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
20	1.00	Kobe and Yokohama	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
21	1.00	Kobe and Yokohama	Yasuda maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
22	1.00	Kobe and Yokohama	Korea maru	Jap.	Alexander
23	1.00	Kobe and Yokohama	Hawaii maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
24	1.00	Kobe and Yokohama	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
25	1.00	Kobe and Yokohama	Siberia maru	Jap.	Alexander

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agent
Dec 19	9.00	Liverpool etc.	Tamba maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agent
Dec 18	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangtong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
18	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Inaba maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
18	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Wangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
18	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.Y.K.
18	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Shengking	Chi.	N.Y.K.
18	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Keelung maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
18	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Yasuda maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
18	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Korea maru	Jap.	Alexander
18	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Hawaii maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
18	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
18	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Siberia maru	Jap.	Alexander

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agent
Dec 18	1.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	R.M.B.
18	1.30	Dalry	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
18	1.30	Dalry	Sanyomaru	Jap.	R.M.B.
18	1.30	Dalry	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
18	1.30	Dalry	Kobe maru	Jap.	R.M.B.
18	1.30	Dalry	Koboku maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agent
Dec 18	noon	Wuhu	Singan	Br.	B. & S.
18	noon	Wuhu	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
18	noon	Wuhu	Siangyang maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
18	noon	Wuhu	Tuckwong	Br.	B. & S.
18	noon	Wuhu	Changon	Br.	H.O.S. & Co.
18	noon	Wuhu	Tachangmaru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
18	noon	Wuhu	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
18	noon	Wuhu	Kiangtong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
18	noon	Wuhu	Tafo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
18	noon	Wuhu	Tongtins	Br.	B. & S.
18	noon	Wuhu	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
18	noon	Wuhu	Loongwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
18	noon	Wuhu	Nanyang maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
18	noon	Wuhu	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
18	noon	Wuhu	Luenshi	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. M.N.—Mid night. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Ton	Flag	Agent	Sort
Dec 16	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2368	Br.	B. & S.	ONCW
16	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2101	Chi.	N.Y.K.	NSCW
17	Wenchow	Kwangchi	514	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
17	Chaochow	Feiching	994	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
17	Chinwangtao	Kenkon maru	1682	Jap.	K.M.A.	KMAW
17	Chinwangtao	Jinjo maru	1546	Jap.	N.Y.K.	WSW
17	Dalry	Tokio maru	1546	Jap.	S.M.B.	SMRW
17	Dalry	Chikuzo maru	963	Jap.	O.S.K.	OSKW
17	Hongkong	Shantung	3460	Br.	P. & O.	PWE
17	Hongkong	Shantung	2807	Br.	B. & S.	C.P.W.
17	Hongkong	Tachang maru	1718	Br.	B. & S.	CPDW
17	Hongkong	Wuchang	1289	Br.	Geddes & Co.	NSW
17	Hongkong	Changon	2387	Jap.	N.Y.K.	SHW
17	Japan	Kawara maru	1596	Jap.	Dowell & Co.	
17	Japan	Yei maru	2493	Jap.	N.Y.K.	
17	Hongkong	Shantung	4929	Jap.	N.Y.K.	
17	Hongkong	Shantung	1468	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW

Men-of-War in Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Man	Commander
MMB	Apr. 10	Curse	DelaLaguna Frigate	Br.	85	4	50	Brown
P&O	Apr. 14	Curse	Samar	Am.	348	4	50	Clarke
P&O	Nov. 16	Curse	Villalobos	Am.	348	4	50	Clarke
BNE	Nov. 16	do	Woodcock	Br.	85	4	50	Brown

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Tuckwong, tons 3,770 Capt. Campbell, will leave on Tuesday, December 18, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5, The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungting, Capt. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, December 20, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Str. Siangyang M. Capt. J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail wharf on Tuesday, Dec. 18, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5, The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangtong, Captain A. S. Malcolm, will leave on Wednesday, night, For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

For Southern Ports

SWATOW and HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sungkiang, Captain H. Trowbridge, will leave on Tuesday, December 18, at noon. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77.

WENCHOW via NINGPO.—The Str. Kwangchi, Capt. C. Smith, will leave on Tuesday, night, For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shengking, Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, Dec. 19, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Hsin Peking, Capt. A. Scott, R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, Dec. 19, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHEW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Capt. T. Kamiashi, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzeppoo wharf on Dec. 19, at 2 p.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at 1 p.m. on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shantung, Capt. Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, Dec. 20, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Canada Maru, Captain T. Suruga, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzeppoo wharf on December 21, at 1 p.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the customs jetty at 11 a.m. on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Hoihow, Captain A. V. Harrison, will leave on Friday, December 21, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77.

SWATOW and HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Yingchow, Capt. E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, December 23, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Siyang, Capt. J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, December 25, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO.—The Str. Feiching, Capt. A. B. Banias, will leave on Wednesday, morning, For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

DAIREN and TSINGTAO.—The Str. Kohoku Maru, Capt. M. Oyama, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzeppoo wharf on December 26, at 11 a.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at 10 a.m. on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA and SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B.C. via MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Mexico M. Capt. K. Komiya, will be despatched on Dec. 20. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs' Jetty at 11 a.m. on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, ISLAND SEA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The Co's Korea Maru 18,000 tons, Capt. T. Ota, will be despatched on Saturday, Dec. 22. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 10 a.m. For passage apply to Toyo Kisen Kaisha, T. N. Alexander, Agent.

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B.C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Hawaii Maru, Captain J. Kanoo, will be despatched on December 24. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs' Jetty at 11 a.m. on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS. FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG, and HANKOW.—S.S. Luchai, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting, Chungking, and Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtze and Hunan Lake.

*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Shinkiang, Shantung, Sunning and Suiyang.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports. Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shantung and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund. During the winter months sailings are irregular owing to weather conditions.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m. The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers. For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Freight: Telephone No. 77. Agents: 21-23 French Bund. Passage: Telephone No. 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

"SUNSHINE BELT" Trans-Pacific Service

By the New, 14,000 Ton, Oil Burning Steamers

"ECUADOR" "VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"

AMERICAN REGISTRY

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu	For Hongkong via Manila
S.S. COLOMBIA Jan. 3, 1918	S.S. COLOMBIA Dec. 15
S.S. VENEZUELA Feb. 2, 1918	S.S. VENEZUELA Jan. 19

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd., and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

East India Service

By the Modern, Oil Burning Steamers

"COLUSA" 16,000 tons "SANTA CRUZ" 15,000 tons

AMERICAN REGISTRY

SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Colombo via Singapore and Calcutta	For San Francisco via Cebu and Honolulu
S.S. SANTA CRUZ Dec. 14	S.S. COLUSA Dec. 9
S.S. COLUSA Feb. 8	S.S. SANTA CRUZ Jan. 20

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information re freighter passage apply to

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY

1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building. Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile S. S. Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

AMERICAN LINE

(For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.)

Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki or Moji, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimizu, Yokohama and Victoria, B. C. ARR. leave.
"MEXICO MARU" (12,000 tons) Capt. K. Komiya, Dec. 14, Dec. 15
"HAWAII MARU" (18,000 tons) Capt. J. Kanoo, Dec. 23, Dec. 24
For Hongkong
"CANADA MARU" (12,000 tons) Capt. T. Suruga, Dec. 23, Dec. 23

CHINA COASTING LINE

For Dairen and Tsingtau arr. leave
"KOHOKU MARU" (2,160 tons) Capt. M. Oyama, Dec. 24, Dec. 26
For Foochow, Keelung and Takao arr. leave
"KEELUNG MARU" (1,569 tons) Capt. T. Kamiashi, Dec. 17, Dec. 19

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to South America, Australia, India, China, Korea, Vladivostok, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to—

OSAKA SHOEN KAISHA

M. YAMAUCHI, Manager. Union Building, 4 The Bund. Tel. Address: SHOEN, SHANGHAI. Tel. 4235, 4234.

JAMES MAGILL & Co.

Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai. Furniture and Curries Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers. SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS. Telephone 1648 23, Southview Road



El Carnaval de Filipinas

2nd-10th FEBRUARY

Direct Service to Manila

"Empress of Russia"

G \$74.25

ROUND TRIP

Bookings Now Being Made

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LTD.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc. apply to
G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building. Tel. Central 182.
For through bills of lading, quotation of freight rates, etc. apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

Imperial Japanese and U. S. M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

KOREA MARU 20,000 tons, from Shanghai, Dec. 23, 1917
SIBERIA MARU 18,000 tons, from Shanghai, Jan. 3, 1918
TENYO MARU 22,000 tons, from Shanghai, Jan. 14, 1918

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances, Service and Cuisine unequalled.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS RATES by the steamers Nippon Maru and Perla Maru offering superior accommodation, first-class cuisine and service.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.

North China Insurance Co.'s Building (Entrance, 71 Southview Road.)
Phone No. 3229.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

S.S. CHINA

(AMERICAN REGISTRY)

WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

JAN. 29, APR. 13, JUNE 24

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG

JAN. 17, MAR. 31, JUNE 11

SHIPPING

N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For London or Liverpool via ports

*For Liverpool.

	Tons	
KAMAKURA MARU	12,500	
TAMBA MARU	12,500	

FOR HONGKONG

INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo,	Dec. 21
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AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

TOKIWA MARU	15,500	Capt. K. Ogura,	Dec. 19
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SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui,	Dec. 18
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yachihara,	Dec. 22
HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano,	Dec. 25
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Dec. 29
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Sudzuki,	Jan. 1

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yagiu,	Dec. 20
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Dec. 27

KOBE TO SEATTLE

KASHIMA MARU	19,000		Jan. 23
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FOR JAPAN

MISHIMA MARU	16,000		Dec. 18
SUWA MARU	21,000		Dec. 19

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

NIKKO MARU	10,000		Leave Hongkong, Middle of January
AKI MARU	12,500		Feb. 15, 1918
TANGO MARU	14,000		Middle of March

ALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Alcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

SOMERSET LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai. Tel. No. 2729.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

000 - Midnight, 1330 - 130 p.m.

July 1st, 1917, and until further notice

Mail	Mail	Local	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Local	Mail	Mail
101	3	1			2	101	3
B. S.	B. S.	B. S.			B. S.	B. S.	B. S.
2006	8	0		dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	2201	8
2346	11	59	84	arr. Tientsin-Central	dep. Tientsin	1946	11
2350	11	59		arr. Tientsin-East	dep. Tientsin	1950	11
000	11	59	624	arr. Mukden	dep. Tientsin	2204	11
1910	5	0				2208	5

Local	Mail	Local	Miles	Tientsin-Pukow Line	Local	Mail	Local
5	3	1			2	5	3
B. S.	B. S.	B. S.			B. S.	B. S.	B. S.
715	11	0		dep. Tientsin-East	arr. Tientsin	1705	11
725	11	0	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central	dep. Tientsin	1655	11
745	11	0		arr. Tientsin	dep. Tientsin	1605	11
750	11	0	78	arr. Tangchow	dep. Tientsin	1550	11
1407	17	46	143	arr. Tchow	dep. Tientsin	1048	17
1801	20	23		arr. Tsinanfu	dep. Tientsin	804	20
7	2	220		arr. Tsinanfu	dep. Tientsin	754	2
1009	22	01	286	arr. Tsinanfu	dep. Tientsin	601	22
1311	08		318	arr. Yenchowfu	dep. Tientsin	349	13
1315	08			arr. Yenchowfu	dep. Tientsin	339	13
1556	316		377	arr. Linchow	dep. Tientsin	190	15
1819	450			arr. Hsuehchow	dep. Tientsin	2336	18
7	2	420		arr. Hsuehchow	dep. Tientsin	2336	7
680	467			arr. Hsuehchow	dep. Tientsin	2336	6
1156	838		523	arr. Pengpu	dep. Tientsin	1948	11
1204	840			arr. Pengpu	dep. Tientsin	1948	12
1657	1182		600	arr. Chuchow	dep. Tientsin	1648	16
1849	1300		631	arr. Pukow	dep. Tientsin	1530	18

Express	Express	Local	Express	Express	Local	Express	Express
16	10	1	16	10	1	16	10
B. S.	B. S.	B. S.	B. S.	B. S.	B. S.	B. S.	B. S.
2200	1420	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry	arr. Nanking	1410	1410	1410
700	2100	193	arr. Shanghai-North	dep. Shanghai	750	2100	2100

Yenchowfu-Tsingchow Branch Line	Linchow-Tsingchow Branch Line
980 1300 2130 2230	590 1710 1800 1900
1030 1450 2230 2330	680 1810 1900 2000
1030 1450 2230 2330	680 1810 1900 2000

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST" Conventional Signs.

300 - train runs on Thursday only. 230 - train runs on Friday only.

300 - on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets. B - train has buffet car with regular meal service.

9 - train has sleep. accom. 1st & 2nd class. 8 - train has only 1st class sleep. accom.

Application for sleeping accommodation at \$5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuehchow or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER

Tientsin, July 1917.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday.

Business and Official Notices

GIVE YOUR FRIENDS A CARPET FOR A XMAS PRESENT

We invite your inspection of our First Quality Tientsin Carpets, made from the finest, fadeless camel wool, procurable only in carpet district of Tientsin. Beautiful designs (foreign or Chinese).

50 cents to \$1.00 per sq. foot

A Gift that all will appreciate

HWA YENG CARPET FACTORY,

127 Peking Road.

You can't miss our factory: It's right on the road.

SAEY TAI

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Outfitters

Great Clearance Sale

for two weeks only

Commencing on Monday, Dec. 10th.

The whole of our stock of Winter Suitings

Overcoatings and Sundries

Cash, less 30% for all goods.

SAEY TAI

350/1 Nanking Road: Tel. No. 3358.

16102

NOTICE

The Shanghai Mutual Telephone Company, Limited

16103

When you think

of

Szechuen Province

Think of

WIDLER & CO.,

Chungking, W. China.

Born 1915 - Still Existing

ANTIMONY REGULUS

(99% Pure)

ALWAYS IN STOCK

Apply, Hupeh Government

Smelting Works, Wuchang.

Tel. address "HUPEHMIN" 10066

KINGMAN & BROS.

DENTAL-SURGEONS

of the Philadelphia Dental College

and Garretson's Hospital of

Oral Surgery,

Philadelphia, U.S.A.,

Will perform all

Kind of dental operation on

modern Scientific principles

And supply

Teeth of Superior Workmanship in

Vulcanite, Gold and Alloy Plates,

Gold Crown and Bridge Work.

All works are guaranteed to entire

satisfaction.

No. 40 Szechuen Road.

13700

"V" MODES

NO. 20 NANKING ROAD

3rd Floor

Now on view—A further

consignment from Messrs.

Arthur and Bond of dainty

blouses, lingerie, etc., suit-

able for Xmas Gifts.

16140

The Shanghai

Chemical

Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

16140

THE SHANGHAI & HONGKOW WHARF COMPANY, LIMITED.

SCRIP Certificates Numbers 693A

and 694A each for 100 Shares in the

name of R. H. Elias, Numbers 728A

for 60 Shares and 1155A for 100

Shares in the name of J. R. Elias

and Number 1359A for 100 Shares

having been lost, the public are

warned against negotiating same,

and NOTICE is hereby given that

Duplicate Certificates for the said

Shares will be issued one month

hence and that the Original Cer-

tificates, unless produced within

that period, will be held by the Com-

pany as null and void.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,

General Agents,

Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf

Company, Limited.

Shanghai, 14th December, 1917.

16152

NOTICE

The Shanghai Mutual Telephone Company, Limited

16103

THE SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.

16103

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that the Debenture Transfer Re-

gister of the above Company will

be closed from the 24th to the 31st

December, 1917, both days inclusive,

for the preparation of Debenture

Interest Warrants.

By order of the Board,

E. BURROWS, Secretary.

16172

ALMA ESTATES, LTD.

16119

NOTICE

is hereby given that the

Eighth Annual General Meeting of

shareholders of the above-named

Company will be held at the Head

Office, No. 71 Szechuen Road, Shang-

hai, on Thursday, the 20th day of

December, 1917, at 4.30 p.m. for

presentation of the Report of the Directors

and Accounts to the 30th September,

1917, and the transaction of the

ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Com-

pany will be closed from Saturday,

15th to Thursday, 20th December, both

days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,

HUGO REISS & CO.,

Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, Dec. 8, 1917.

16119

The Eden Dispensary

(Next to Horse Bazaar)

FOR VENEREAL DISEASES ONLY

Hours 10-12; 3-4 Daily.

Consultation free and Confidential.

DR. JAMES YUKING, Supt.

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

16140

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU "DOWN" MAIN LINE.

16140

ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

16140

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU

16140

KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE.

16140

ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

16140

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU

16140

16140

16140

16140

16140

Business and Official Notices

CHINESE POST OFFICE NOTIFICATION.

For the mutual convenience of the public and the Post Office, arrangements have been made whereby senders of Christmas and New Year Cards, etc., of greeting will be at liberty to post them at any time between today's date and 30th December, to be kept at the Post Office for distribution by the first delivery on Christmas or New Year morning, as desired. Early posting is desirable. Such mail matter must bear on the upper left-hand corner of the address side the indication

Christmas Day, New Year's and may either be posted in boxes or handed over to the Post Office counter.

By Order of the Co-Director
General of Posts,
W. W. RITCHIE,
Postal Commissioner.

Chinese Post Office,
Shanghai, 17th Dec., 1917. 16238

Just Arrived

Very large quantities of
of
Xmas and New Year Cards
of the latest designs. The
cheapest, prettiest and most
pleasing obtainable in town

E. Shing & Co.

114A SZECHUEN ROAD
Telephone No. 1266

Acknowledgment

The Chinese Y.M.C.A. hereby acknowledges the receipt of the sum of \$341.00 (an expense of \$17.00 being deducted) which has been collected at the Pianoforte Recital held in the Cantonese Union Church on Friday, Nov. 9th, 1917, by Miss Sing-fong Alice Sun in favor of the Tientsin Flood Relief Fund. 16234

LYCEUM THEATRE

A. D. C.

177th PRODUCTION

"Eliza Comes To Stay"

A FARCE IN 3 ACTS

by

H. V. ESMOND

Saturday, 22nd December, 1917
AT 9 P.M.

Portion of the Proceeds to be
Devoted to

THE BLIND SOLDIERS AND SAILORS FUND

Booking for the above two performances will open at

MESSRS. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
On Wednesday, 19th Dec., 1917

BY ORDER

Wm. Armstrong

16038 BUSINESS MANAGER

Business and Official Notices
are Continued on
Page 11

CONSEIL D'ADMINISTRATION MUNICIPALE DE LA CONCESSION FRANCAISE DE CHANGHAI

AVIS AU PUBLIC.

En raison de l'épidémie de varicelle qui sévit en ce moment à Changhaï, les Résidents de la Concession Française sont priés de bien vouloir se faire vacciner dès que possible, et d'engager leurs domestiques à faire de même.

A partir d'aujourd'hui et jusqu'à nouvel ordre, un service gratuit de vaccination fonctionnera au Bureau du Service Sanitaire, No. 296, Boulevard de Montigny, tous les jours de 10 à 11 heures du matin et de 2 à 3 heures de l'après-midi, Samedi et Dimanche excepté.

Par ordre,
Le Secrétaire du Conseil,
G. LAFERRIERE.

FRENCH MUNICIPAL SCHOOL

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

Owing to the spread of small-pox in Shanghai, residents in the French Concession are kindly requested to get vaccinated as soon as possible and to induce their servants to do the same.

From today and until further notice, free vaccination will be provided at the Health Office, 296, Boulevard de Montigny, every day, from 10 to 11 a.m. and from 2 to 3 p.m., Saturdays and Sundays excepted.

By order,
G. LAFERRIERE,
Secretary. 16235

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Overseas Trading Company, with whom I was formerly connected, has discontinued its business, and I have no further connections therewith.

All future business carried on by me will be under the name of the TRANS-PACIFIC CORPORATION, organized under the laws of Oregon, U.S.A., of which corporation I am Vice-President, and hold its full power of attorney.

O. B. GAINSBOROUGH.
Shanghai, 17th December, 1917. 16235

COAL COAL

BEST screened coal supplied and delivered at the following prices:—

	per ton.
Honan Anthracite (lump).....	\$26.00
Shansi Anthracite.....	29.50
Hongay Anthracite.....	31.50
House Coal No. 1.....	27.50
Kitchen Coal No. 1.....	25.50
Kitchen Coal No. 2.....	23.50
Charcoal.....per 2 baskets...	1.20
Firewood.....per 50 bundles...	1.00

Quality and weight guaranteed.
Orders received before noon will be executed the same day.

Order books on application.
ITALIAN TRADING COMPANY,
1 Markham Park.

Telephone West 884. 16170

PROF. I. K. SETO

EXPERT MASSEUR

15 Years' Experience in U.S.A.

Electric and Steam Vapor and TURKISH BATHS, specially for Rheumatism and Nervousness and guaranteed to Cure Colds. 25 North Szechuen Road (opposite Quinsan Road). 15338

Have you tried our

"UPPER CRUST"

Rye Whiskey?

== THE WHISKEY ==
== OF QUALITY ==

Phone 2021
GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
WINE MERCHANTS
78 Szechuen Road

NOTICE

The law offices of Messrs. Fleming & Davies have been removed to No. 5 Jinkee Road. 16173

NOTICE

The Management of the Astor House Hotel beg to announce that they will hold a dance in their new Ball Room on Christmas Eve, Monday, December 24th. Table seats can be reserved in advance by applying to the office.

NOTICE

The regular Tea Dansant at the Astor House Hotel in the New Ball Room will be held as usual on Christmas afternoon.

OLYMPIC THEATRE

Exhibition of British Official WAR FILMS

And Variety Entertainment

Wednesday, Dec. 26th

At 9 p.m.

Prices \$3.00 & \$2.00 (Reserved)
\$1.00 (Unreserved)

Booking opens at Moutrie's
Monday, Dec. 17th 16168

New Provisions

English and Australian
Ham, \$1.00 per lb.
American Potatoes and
Grapefruit.

Motor Delivery Service

C. EDDIE & CO.

1182-33 Broadway

Telephone North 639

ZUNG LEE & SONS, (W. Z. Lee & Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

METALS AND HARDWARE

Contractors to Government, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

"BLUE RIBBON"

Meats Vegetables Fruits

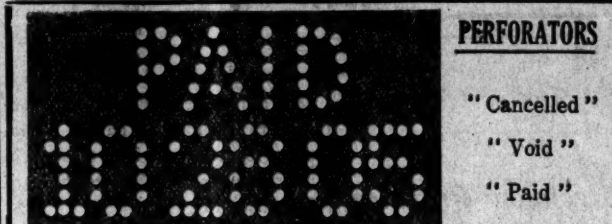
(Tinned by the William Cluff Co., San Francisco)

The BEST because HIGH GRADE is combined with
LOW COST to insure FULL VALUE

Large stocks carried by

Griffiths' Stores

Telephone West 641 for prompt delivery



PERFORATORS

"Cancelled"

"Void"

"Paid"

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
4 Canton Road, Shanghai

Nearly 1500 PEOPLE took advantage of our offer last Week

Now read our SPECIAL OFFER this week

Scotch Homespuns, good designs.....	\$14.50 per suit-length
Heavy Sheets for single Beds.....	1.95 per Bedsheet
Honeycomb Bedspreads.....	2.69 each
"ONYX" pure Silk Stockings.....	1.25 per pair
Ladies' Cashmere Vests.....	1.25 each
Wool Steamer Rugs.....	4.75 each
Men's Cashmere Socks.....	0.85 per pair

and THOUSANDS of other articles appertaining to Men's, Women's and Children's WEAR at prices BELOW TODAY'S COST.

HILL'S LIQUIDATION SALE

119 Szechuen Road



at the

NEW POINT HOTEL

Monday, December 24

AT 10 P.M.

Full Orchestra and a Perfect Floor

Admission \$3.00

Cars from Eastern Garage on special terms

Supper á la carte



ICHIKI & CO.

Y-36 North Szechuen Road

Manufacturers and Importers

OF

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

ALSO

Bargains in Xmas Toys

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must
be Prepaid

Replies must be
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APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE

14-16 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms Front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Nice flat to let, suitable for family or two bachelors. Good table. Telephone North 482

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens

In No. 11, two comfortable small attic rooms to let, facing Park very suitable for the winter. Bathroom adjoining and all modern conveniences. Suitable for a couple of bachelors or small family, or to be let separately.

Oriental House

31 Bogue Road

Large room with bath attached, also a large attic, hot water, facing garden, moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Phone North 1102 15268

FURNISHED flat for rent. Six rooms, 3 bathrooms complete; modern plumbing. Drawing room, dining room and library. No. 4 The Bund. For particulars apply Connell Brothers Company. 16181 D.20

FURNISHED house-keeping flat to rent, terms moderate; near Bubbling Well trams. Apply to Box 19, THE CHINA PRESS. 16164 D.20

APARTMENTS WANTED

ROOM AND BOARD with French family wanted by an American. Address, with full particulars, to Box 37, THE CHINA PRESS. 16236 D.18

EDUCATIONAL

SPANISH: British gentleman requires lessons in the Spanish language. Lady teacher preferred. Please state qualifications and terms, when replying, to Box 32, THE CHINA PRESS. 16227 D.20

WANTED, lessons in French. Please reply, stating particulars, to Box 26, THE CHINA PRESS. 16178 D.18

WANTED: Ambitious young men to become architects. Large income. Apply to Box 20, THE CHINA PRESS. 16165 D.18

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1, Museum Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

SITUATIONS WANTED

COTTON Textile Engineer, many years experience in China, offers his services for supervision in erecting and starting cotton spinning and weaving mills. Apply to Box 498, THE CHINA PRESS. 16114

WANTED, position by an experienced Chinese clerk, with good knowledge of general office work. Apply to Box 31, THE CHINA PRESS. 16228 D.20

COMPETENT bookkeeper wants work after office hours. Apply to Box 34, THE CHINA PRESS. 16230 D.19

POSITION WANTED: Experienced officeman and salesman, American, desires position with local firm, wholesale or retail. Apply to Box 30, THE CHINA PRESS. 16224 D.20

POSITION WANTED: Experienced comprador for Import business, chemicals, papers, etc., or cashier of any big firm; good guarantee and testimonial. Address Yoh Kei, Ja 1247 Pao Wah Lee, Sing Kei Pang Road. 16146 D.19

WANTED, extra work by lady steno-typist, fast and accurate, terms moderate. Apply to Box 4, THE CHINA PRESS. 16128 D.18

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, from January 1st, No. 50 Bubbling Well Road, 7-roomed house facing Race Course. Also No. 16 Yangtsepo Road, 5-roomed house. Apply to No. 10 Yangtsepo Road, or THE CHINA PRESS Office. 16157 D.20

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: An experienced attendant to attend an elderly man in failing health, residing in Shanghai. Give reference and state terms. Reply to Box 33, THE CHINA PRESS. 16229 D.19

WANTED, lady stenographer. Must have good knowledge of shorthand and typewriting. Apply to Box 35, THE CHINA PRESS. 16232 D.20

WANTED: Man or woman for special, pleasant office work. A good knowledge of mathematics necessary. Ability to handle correspondence essential. Experience in teaching useful. Apply to Box 23, THE CHINA PRESS. 16175 D.19

STENOGRAPHER WANTED: State experience and salary required. Apply to Box 24, THE CHINA PRESS. 16176 D.19

Exchange and Mart

WANTED: Children's cart and donkey. Apply to Box 38, THE CHINA PRESS. 16237 D.20

WANTED to hire, a rowing house-boat with crew, for hunting trips, 3 or 4 months. Apply, stating full particulars to Box 29, THE CHINA PRESS. 16195 D.20

BENTLEY'S CODE wanted (new or old). Reply to U.S.P. Box 561. 16231 D.18

FOR SALE: An Underwood typewriter, quite new, for \$135. Apply to Box 36, THE CHINA PRESS. 16233 D.19

FOR SALE, an American pool table, recently imported from America. A very suitable table for a hotel or private home. Apply to Box 13, THE CHINA PRESS. 16159 D.19

FOR SALE, four-cylinder, Buick car, 1917 model, in good running order, 1,000 Taels. Owner leaving Shanghai. Apply to Box 15, THE CHINA PRESS. 16156 D.21

Amusement Advertising
will be found on
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RING UP 3809

for a comfortable 5-passenger car

PER HOUR \$4.00 PER HOUR

CENTRAL GARAGE CO.,

38 Jinkee Road.